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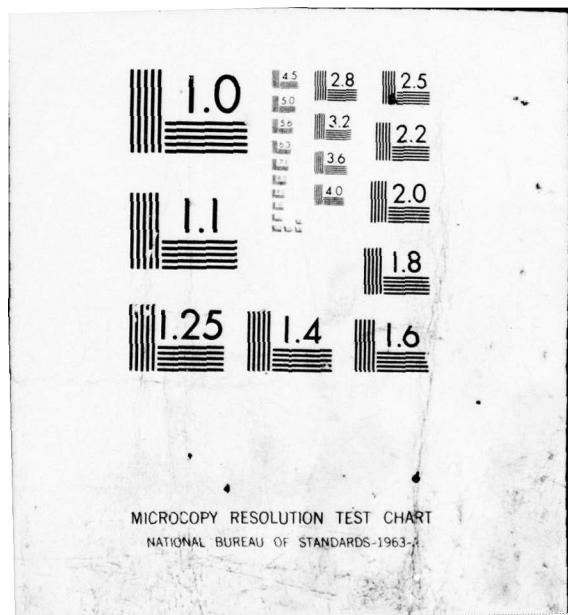
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DIGITAL AVIONICS INFORMATION SYSTEM (DAIS):
RELIABILITY AND MAINTAINABILITY MODEL
USERS GUIDE

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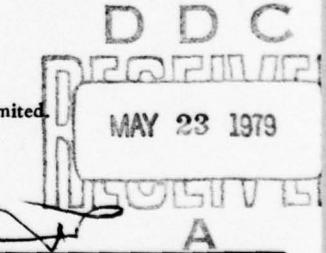
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This technical report has been reviewed and is approved for publication.

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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) The digital avionics information system (DAIS) life cycle cost (LCC) study provides the Air Force with an enhanced in-house capability to incorporate LCC considerations during all stages of the system acquisition process. This report documents a reliability and maintainability (R&M) model developed in the study and also serves as a users manual. The R&M model, a training model, and a cost model comprise the DAIS LCC impact model (LCCIM) designed for use in LCC analysis of avionics systems. In this context, its primary function is to manipulate input data banks to produce intermediate products, figures of merit, and outputs required by the training and cost models. When used in a stand-alone mode, the R&M model provides a means for analyzing the R&M impact of changes in system design and maintenance concepts on system support requirements.		

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Item 20 Continued:

The input data banks contain values for the R&M parameters of avionics hardware configurations, i.e., maintenance action rate, maintenance task event time, task event probability of occurrence, manpower required for each task, skill level requirements, and support equipment (SE) required for each task. The R&M model employs a figure of merit concept to aggregate the values for these R&M parameters to produce manhour and SE requirement estimates. These are point estimates; however, they can be used to (a) make comparisons on a total system, subsystem, or line replaceable unit (LRU) basis, and (b) identify "high drivers" or problem areas in terms of resource requirements. In addition, the R&M model can be used to conduct sensitivity and trade-off analyses in terms of resource requirements after it has identified high driver items. It can perturb combinations of R&M parameters to determine sensitivities. Thus, alternatives for achieving a reduction in resource requirements can be assessed by selectively altering input data and observing the model's outputs indicating the resultant changes in resource requirements.

This document is intended to guide the user of the R&M model. It describes the features of the model, its logical operations, its input data requirements, and its output reports. It also provides a program listing, instructions for preparing input data, and guidance for interpreting and using output reports.

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SUMMARY

This report is Volume II of AFHRL-TR-78-2 which describes a reliability and maintainability (R&M) model developed to facilitate the performance of design vs. cost trade-offs within the systems acquisition process. The model can provide timely visibility to relationships between system design and support requirements and a means of using them to avoid unnecessarily high system operation and maintenance cost. Stand-alone operation permits the user to assess potential impacts of design reliability factors on system support factors and operational availability. However, the R&M model was also designed to function as part of a modeling system which includes a training requirements analysis model and a system cost model. Joint operation provides the capability of translating the design impact assessments into estimates of the consequent cost of system operation and maintenance and, ultimately, that of performing design vs. cost trade-offs.

The R&M model operates in conjunction with a computerized data bank containing historical reliability and maintenance data gathered from operational systems. This data is made relevant to new systems by factoring the historical data on the basis of system/subsystem comparability analyses. Inputs to the R&M model include: the frequency of maintenance actions by subsystem and line replaceable unit (LRU) for both aircraft and support equipment (SE); and data concerning the task events within each maintenance action such as type, probability of occurrence, time to complete, manpower type and skill requirements, and SE requirements. The model uses these inputs to compute the manhour resources, SE, and spares consumed, by task event, to satisfy the maintenance requirements of each subsystem and its LRUs for both flight line and shop actions. Outputs are displayed in matrix format.

Capable of extremely rapid operation, the R&M model affords the user a powerful tool for answering a multitude of "what if" questions concerning the implications of system design on support requirements. Its speed facilitates iterative application and should promote trade-off analyses early in the design process when cost avoidance actions are most effective. This operational speed stems from the fact that, unlike simulation models sometimes used in this type of analysis, the R&M model does not attempt to account for peak loads, saturations, queues, or other nonlinear constraints that exist in the actual maintenance environment. Rather, it is an average value model which uses estimates of maintenance task and equipment R&M factor values to compute the average expected values for

resource requirements. Additionally, a figure of merit concept is employed to aggregate the detailed data outputs and generate structured data products which allow comparisons to be made and high resource consumers to be identified on either an LRU, subsystem, or system basis. An example of such a figure of merit is maintenance manhours per 1000 flight hours.

Apart from its ability to facilitate sensitivity and trade-off analyses, the R&M model can aid the user in determining the most acceptable means of avoiding undesirable potential impacts which it has identified. By comparing alternative cause and result situations, trade-off analyses can be employed in a more investigative manner. This entails an iterative model application to determine the differential effects on projected support resource requirements obtainable by changing combinations of R&M parameters. An example of such a trade-off might be the cost to achieve an increased subsystem reliability versus that to obtain a reduced flight line troubleshooting time. The user can determine the various combinations of reliability improvement and reduced flight line troubleshooting time to achieve a specified reduction in support resource requirements for that subsystem. These values would be inputted to training and cost portions of the modeling system to assist in evaluating alternatives on a total cost of ownership basis.

The initial application of the R&M model is directed at the determination of the potential impacts of the digital avionics information system (DAIS) on system support personnel requirements and life cycle cost. Results will be contained in a later technical report within the series of which this is a member. The model is, however, applicable in the development of almost any new system as well as the evaluation of existing systems.

This volume provides a complete guide to the operation of the R&M model in the stand alone mode. It describes the features and structure of the model, its input data requirements, its logical operations, and its output reports. It provides instructions and the format for preparing input data and for selecting output options. Sample output reports are also provided for each option that can be selected. A listing and description of potential error messages are included in the appendix, as well as a listing of the computer program.

PREFACE

This report is one of a series of technical reports, models, and data banks produced under contract no. F33615-75-C-5218, "DAIS Life Cycle Costing Study." Results of this study, in combination with the present Air Force capabilities provide the means to assess the life cycle cost impact of the operational implementation of the Digital Avionics Information System (DAIS).

The study was directed by the Advanced Systems Division, Air Force Human Resources Laboratory, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, and is documented under Work Unit 20510001, "DAIS Life Cycle Costing Study." It was performed under Air Force Avionics Laboratory Program Element 63243F, "Digital Avionics Information System," as Project 2051. Project 2051, "Impact of the DAIS on Life Cycle Costs," is jointly sponsored by the Air Force Human Resources Laboratory, the Air Force Avionics Laboratory, and Air Force Logistics Command. Contract funds were provided by the Air Force Avionics Laboratory. The DAIS Program Manager is Lt. Col. Robert A. Dessert. The Air Force Human Resources Laboratory Project Scientist is Mr. H. Anthony Baran. The Air Force Logistics Command project officer is Capt. Ronald Hahn. The latter two are DAIS deputy directors. The Contractor Program Manager is Mr. John C. Goclowski.

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DIGITAL AVIONICS INFORMATION SYSTEM (DAIS):
RELIABILITY AND MAINTAINABILITY MODEL USERS GUIDE

I. INTRODUCTION

The reliability and maintainability (R&M) model, in conjunction with a cost model and a training model, make up a life cycle cost impact model (LCCIM). The R&M model is an analytical type batch process model that computes unique outputs based on a given set of values for R&M input variables. These inputs pertain to avionics subsystems and their line replaceable units (LRU). The principal data input elements consist of average times to complete maintenance task events, the associated probabilities of occurrence of those events, and the frequency of the equipment maintenance. Other R&M inputs include the type of task event; the number, type, and skill level of each manpower specialty needed to perform the task event; and the support equipment required.

The computed outputs of this model are "expected values" since they are based on average input values rather than on peak demands, or other constraints, such as queuing or the nonlinearities inherent in a "real world" type of simulation model. These outputs are principally measures of the maintenance manhour resource requirements which may be expected to result under a given set of conditions. These conditions are determined by system variables such as equipment configuration, equipment design, and/or the system support maintenance concept. The particulars of these conditions are made available to the model in terms of the R&M input variables previously described.

Main Features

The R&M model is available in Fortran IV language for both the Honeywell H-6000 and Control Data Corporation CDC-6600 Cyber 74 computers. It is characterized by the following:

- Unlimited flexibility in the representation of the avionics equipment structure
- Similarly structured output reports for all output parameters
- Selection for analysis of a single subsystem, all subsystems, or a categorical group of subsystems
- Automatic output of short summary reports, optional output of complete reports.

General Description

The primary purpose of the R&M model is to provide data input to the LCCIM cost model and training model. However, in a stand-alone operation, this model provides a means for analyzing the R&M impact of various avionics design and support concept parameters. It employs a figure of merit (FOM) concept to aggregate the data and then to make comparisons of resources required on a total system, subsystem, or LRU basis and to identify "high drivers" or problem areas of high resource requirements. FOM analyses within the model may address, for example, maintenance manhours per 1000 flight hours (measures maintenance man-hour resource requirements) and service availability (measures the impact of maintenance on operational availability). The basic parameters used to calculate the FOMs for each subsystem, broken out for each shop and flight line maintenance task event, are:

- Probability of occurrence
- Average time to complete the event
- Air Force specialty and skill level
- Support equipment

The maintenance action rate for each subsystem is input as mean flight hours between maintenance actions.

By making reasonable variations in any of the foregoing input parameters, the model can be used to note the effect on the various outputs. In this way, the R&M model can be used to conduct sensitivity and trade-off analyses. Thus, after high driver items are identified in terms of resource requirements, combinations of R&M parameters can be perturbed to determine the system sensitivities. Alternatives for achieving reduction in the resources required can thus be identified.

Data Structure

The data represented in the R&M model are structured in matrix form permitting all outputs to be displayed in similar fashion. The data elements in each row of an output report convey information (such as mean time to repair (MTTR)) for each maintenance task event leading to a particular outcome that results from a maintenance action. The columns convey the same information for a selected maintenance task event.

A maintenance action is defined as any subsystem malfunction that results in a series of maintenance task events. These events are those principal tasks necessary to restore the subsystem to operational readiness and to accomplish any necessary repairs of removed LRUs. The maintenance task events consist of one or more maintenance functions or major tasks (e.g., adjust, align, calibrate, troubleshoot, inspect, operate, remove/install, repair, service, etc.). Each flight line maintenance task event and each shop maintenance task event are defined in Appendix A under FLIGHT LINE TASKS and SHOP TASKS, respectively. If further explanation of the terms maintenance action and maintenance event are desired, they are explained in detail in volume one of this report.

II. MODEL LOGIC

This section describes the computer program used to implement the R&M model. It will provide the analyst with an in-depth view of the workings of the program.

Model Input

Initially, data are read into computer storage from the R&M data base files. Detailed descriptions for each input data element contained on the records that constitute the base files are included in Appendix A. These data files are part of an integrated data bank. Verification of the input data for accuracy or completeness can only be made by a comparison of the input data with its raw data source. However, the program is capable of generating certain error messages. Appendix B provides a list of them. Other data problems will result in an immediate halt of the program, usually following a message from the computer system. The input card which caused this type of problem will normally be the last one displayed on the computer printout.

Calculations

The main body of the R&M model generates two matrices plus an additional matrix for each Air Force specialty code (AFSC) of interest. A support equipment (SE) maintenance requirements matrix is also generated. These matrices represent the following:

- MTTR - mean time to repair for each shop and flight line maintenance event is defined and calculated as follows:
the probability of occurrence of the task event, given that

there is a failure, multiplied by the maintenance event task time. It should be noted that the maintenance event task time used as the input for this computation is the actual average time it takes to accomplish the event based on historical data; i.e., the input is the mean time to repair per task event without considering the probability of occurrence.

- MMH - maintenance manhours for each shop and flight line task event. This is calculated as MTTR multiplied by the total number of AFSCs required for the event.
- SE maintenance - for each shop test station a matrix is set up to give values for the MTTR, MMH, MMH/1000 FH, and MTTR/1000 FH consumed in test drawer and test station repair for each LRU tested. The ready time of the test station per 1000 operating hours of test time is also calculated in the model.
- For each AFSC designated for analysis, another matrix is set up that displays the MMH/1000 FH consumed for each LRU and subsystem that is maintained. These values are then multiplied by a constant cost factor to show the manhour cost per 1000 flight hours.

Once the single task event/single outcome elements of each matrix have been computed, the program totals across maintenance events (columns) and outcomes (rows) to complete the matrix. These matrices are intermediate products which are the basis for a series of user selected output options.

The flight line inherent availability (A) of each subsystem is also calculated within the model by dividing the mean flight hours between maintenance actions (MFHBMA) by the total of the MFHBMA and the flight line MTTR. This calculation can also be represented as:

$$A = \frac{1}{1 + (MTTR)(PMA)}$$

where $PMA = \frac{1}{MFHBMA}$,

or the probability of a maintenance action (PMA) per flight hour.

The service flight line availability for the avionics system is then calculated within the model as the product of all of the inherent subsystem availabilities.

Model Output

Subsystem inherent flight line availability is a mandatory output, as is the listing of the input data files which precedes it. All other outputs are user selected as described in Section IV.

Except for the MTTR and MMH matrices (including the MMH/1000 FH required for user selected AFSCs), the remainder of the output is calculated when selected. To display the MTTR as percent of total, each matrix element is divided by one one-hundredth of the total MTTR for that subsystem. MMH as a percent of total is computed in the same manner. MMH per 1000 flight hours (FH) is calculated by dividing each matrix element by one one-thousandth of the MFHBMA. Maintenance index (defined as the MTTR per 1000 FH) is each element of the MTTR matrix divided by one one-thousandth of the MFHBMA, also.

Most outputs can be summed over a group of subsystems for examination at a higher level of aggregation.

Program Flow Chart

The basic flow of execution of the R&M model is shown in Figure 1.

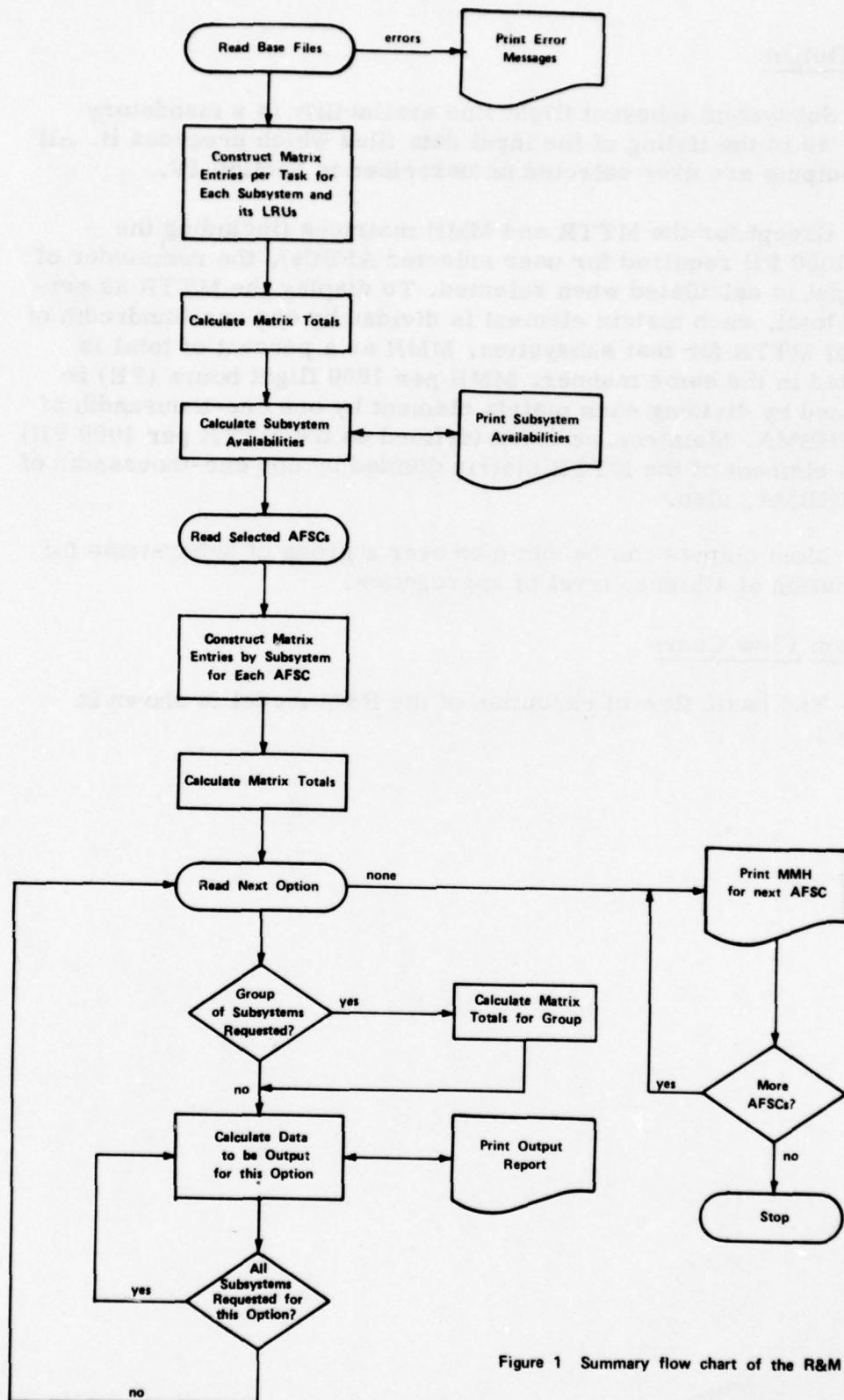


Figure 1 Summary flow chart of the R&M model

III. EXAMPLE RUN

Subsequent sections describe the input forms and output reports of the model. To facilitate this description, an example run has been constructed and is used to illustrate the ways in which the data are input to the model and results displayed on output reports.

The example run consists of an avionics system containing six subsystems and 14 LRUs. The arrangement of these items in the equipment hierarchy structure for the system is shown in Figure 2. Dashed line boxes represent equipment not represented in the example run.

All of the input data for the example run are given in the sample input data in the next section. The sample data are generally similar to the type of data prepared for operational use of the model.

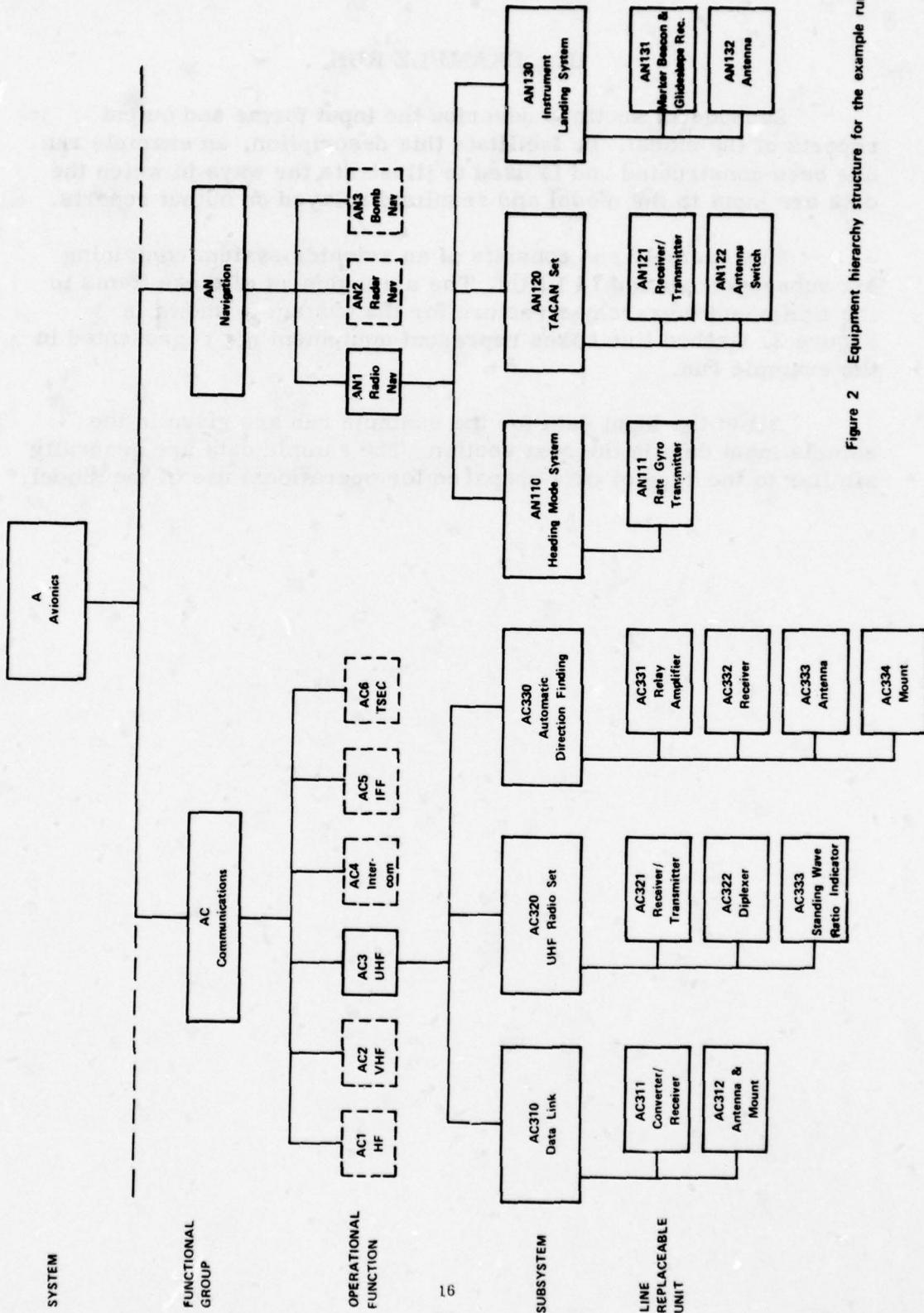


Figure 2 Equipment hierarchy structure for the example run

IV. INPUT FORMATS

Data File Formats

The operation of the R&M model requires that a variety of special input cards be prepared which precisely describe the equipment being analyzed and its logistics support system. There are 13 record card formats. Each contains a particular category of data. A detailed description of the input data elements contained in each field of the individual record cards is included in Appendix A.

The input record card formats, each of which is identified by a two-character code in columns 1 and 2, are described on the following pages. Tables which immediately follow the card type descriptions provide a listing of the data elements contained on each card along with their field format. Each of the tables is preceded by a figure illustrating the input data cards necessary for execution of the example run.

Two cards must precede the input deck. The first card contains the data base title. The second card must contain the number of subsystems to be described punched in columns 1 and 2. (In the example run, which contains six subsystems, a "06" is provided on the second card preceding the input deck.) Each card type must have at least one card for every subsystem/LRU that is input in the cross reference file. The present program allows a number of cards for subsystems and LRUs of 40 and 120, respectively.

Card Type CR - Cross Reference File

The first card type designates the equipment hierarchy structure. This structure is illustrated in Figure 2. The data used in this cross reference file is allocated to two cards noted as a -1 or -2 in column 12, the card sequence column. The second card is a continuation of the first and, when used, contains specific additional information.

CR card number 1 gives the equipment identification (ID) number, LRU weight in pounds, work unit code (WUC), quantity per aircraft (QPA), and the name of the subsystem or LRU. The subsystem CR card also gives the number of LRUs it contains, whereas the LRU CR card gives the number of SRUs that the LRU contains. Card number 2 contains the LRU national stock number (NSN), the AN/nomenclature of the subsystem and LRU, and the manufacturer's part number for the subsystem and LRU. There must be a #1 card for each subsystem and for each LRU, but a #2 card is not mandatory. As pertinent data required by the #2 card are available, they can be used to provide additional identification or reference information. Each card group begins with a subsystem card and is followed by the cards describing the LRUs which belong to it. The formats for CR cards 1 and 2 are shown in Tables 1a and 1b, respectively, and are further described in Appendix A.

A printout of the cards used for the example run are shown in Figure 3. The 06 in columns 1 and 2 of the second card is the "number of subsystems." Note that the same card format is used for both subsystems and LRUs.

DAIS THEORETICAL RELIABILITY AND MAINTAINABILITY MODEL

06	AC310	-1	63510	1 DATA LINK	AN/ASW- 25	2
CR	AC310	-2	63150	1 CONVERTER/RECEIVER		8
CR	AC311	-1	11.8	63511	CV-2230A/ASW-25	1
CR	AC311	-2	63511	1 MOUNT & ANTENNA		3
CR	AC312	-1	2.0	63515		
CR	AC320	-1	63A00	1 UHF RADIO SET	AN/ARC- 51BX	
CR	AC320	-2	63A00	1 RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER (UHF)		9
CR	AC321	-1	27.7	63AA0	5821-00-134-6239	RT-742B/ARC-51BX
CR	AC321	-2	63AA0	1 DIPLEXER		2
CR	AC322	-1	1.0	63AE0	1 STANDING WAVE RATIO INDICATOR	1
CR	AC323	-1	1.1	63AL0	5821-00-978-7867	ID-1003/ARC
CR	AC323	-2	63AL0	1 AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING SET - UHF		4
CR	AC330	-1	63B00	1 AN/ARA- 50		
CR	AC330	-2	63B00	1 RELAY AMPLIFIER	AM-3624/ARA-50	2
CR	AC331	-1	5.4	63BA0	5826-00-059-2726	
CR	AC331	-2	63BA0	1 ANTENNA		1
CR	AC332	-1	10.0	63BB0	5826-00-849-0055	AS-909/ARA-48
CR	AC332	-2	63BB0	1 RECEIVER		7
CR	AC333	-1	8.0	63BC0	5821-00-999-4590-MA	R-1286/ARR-69
CR	AC333	-2	63BC0	1 MOUNT		1
CR	AC334	-1	1.1	63BF0	1 HEADING MODE SYSTEM	1
CR	AN110	-1	71A00	1 RATE GYRO TRANSMITTER		1
CR	AN111	-1	4.0	71ADO	1 TACAN SET	2
CR	AN120	-1	71B00	AN/ARN- 52		
CR	AN120	-2	71B00	1 RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER (TACAN)		8
CR	AN121	-1	43.3	71BA0	5826-00-884-0914	RT-893/ARN-52
CR	AN121	-2	71BA0	1 ANTENNA SWITCH		1
CR	AN122	-1	2.3	71BB0	1 INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEM	2
CR	AN130	-1	71C00	AN/ARN- 58A		
CR	AN130	-2	71C00	1 RADIO MARKER BEACON & GLIDESLOPE REC		6
CR	AN131	-1	8.6	71CA0	5826-00-226-6030	R-844A/ARN-58A
CR	AN131	-2	71CA	1 ANTENNA		1
CR	AN132	-1	4.0	71CC0		
CR	AN132	-2				

Figure 3. Printout of CR cards with "title" card and "number of subsystems" card for the example run

Table 1a
Field Format of Data Elements Cross Reference File – Card No. 1

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - CR	2	A	F	–
3	Blank	1	–	–	–
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	–
5	Major System	1	A	F	–
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	–
7	Organizational Function	1	N	F	–
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	–
9	Line Replaceable Unit (LRU)	1	X	F	–
10	Shop Replaceable Unit (SRU)	1	N	F	–
11	Dash	1	X	F	–
12	Card Sequence – 1	1	N	F	–
13	Blank	1	–	–	–
14 - 18	LRU Weight—in lbs (col. 17 is a decimal)	5	N	R	1
19	Blank	1	–	–	–
20 - 24	Work Unit Code	5	X	F	–
25	Blank	1	–	–	–
26 - 27	Quantity per Aircraft (QPA)	2	N	R	–
28	Blank	1	–	–	–
29 - 68	Equipment Name	40	A	L	–
69 - 74	Blank	6	–	–	–
75 - 76	No. of LRUs in the Subsystem or SRUs per LRU	2	N	R	–
77 - 80	Blank	4	–	–	–

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Table 1b
Cross Reference File - Card No. 2

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Placement	Decimal
1 - 2	Card Type CR	2	A	F	-	
3	Blank	1	-	-	-	
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	-	
5	Major System	1	A	F	-	
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-	
7	Organizational Function	1	N	F	-	
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-	
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-	
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-	
11	Dash	1	X	F	-	
12	Card Sequence - 2	1	N	F	-	
13 - 19	Blank	7	-	-	-	
20 - 24	Work Unit Code	5	X	F	-	
25	Blank	1	-	-	-	
26 - 27	Dual Cognizance Code	2	X	F	-	
28	Material Contrl Code	1	X	F	-	
29	Dash	1	X	F	-	
30 - 33	Federal Supply Classification (NSN)	4	N	F	-	
34	Dash	1	X	F	-	
35 - 36	Country Code (NSN)	2	N	F	-	
37	Blank	1	-	-	-	
38 - 40	Federal Item ID No. (NSN)	3	N	F	-	
41	Dash	1	X	F	-	
42 - 45	Federal Item ID No. cont. (NSN)	4	N	F	-	
46	Dash (only when suffix is added)	1	X	F	-	
47 - 48	Special Material ID Code (NSN Suffix)	2	A	F	-	
49	Blank	1	-	-	-	
50 - 52†	AN/	3	X	F	-	
53 - 55	AN/No. Alpha Code	3	A	F	-	
56	Dash	1	X	F	-	
57 - 59	AN/No. Numeric Code	3	N	R	-	
60 - 61	AN/No. Alpha Suffix Code	2	A	L	-	
62 - 64	Blank	1	-	-	-	
65 - 80	Manufacturers Stock Number	15	N	R	-	

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

† for LRU part number left justify from column 50

Card Type SF - Support Equipment - Flight Line File

The flight line support equipment cards (SF) identify for the model what special support equipment is needed on the flight line to perform each maintenance task event. One or more SF cards must be supplied for each subsystem, in the format specified in Table 2 and further described in Appendix A.

These cards may be in any order, but placing them in the same order as the CR cards is recommended for more efficient program operation and for ease of editing. If more than one item of support equipment is required for any flight line task event(s) for a particular subsystem, an additional card is used, identifying the additional support equipment in the same field of the second card. Columns 1-11 of the two cards should be the same, with column 12 set at "2" for the second card and "3" for a third. Only the first card of the group requires an entry in columns 56-57, which conveys the total cards for the equipment. If there is only one card, a zero or a one or a blank may be used. The current version of the program allows a maximum of three pieces of support equipment per maintenance event. The cards used for the example run are listed in Figure 4.

	ID#	A	T	CND	R	M	VR	VM
SF	AC310	-1	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60
SF	AC320	-1	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60
SF	AC330	-1	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60
SF	AN110	-1	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60
SF	AN120	-1	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60
SF	AN130	-1	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60	D60

Figure 4. Printout of SF cards for the example run

Table 2
Support Equipment - Flight Line File

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - SF	2	A	F	-
3	Blank	1	-	-	-
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	-
5	Major System	1	A	F	-
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-
7	Operational Function	1	N	F	-
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	X	F	-
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-
11	Dash	1	X	F	-
12	Card Sequence	1	N	F	-
13	Blank	1	-	-	-
14 - 18	(A) Set Up Support Equipment (SE)	5	N	L	-
19	Blank	1	-	-	-
20 - 24	(T) Troubleshooting SE	5	N	L	-
25	Blank	1	-	-	-
26 - 30	(C) Cannot Duplicate Discrepancy SE	5	N	L	-
31	Blank	1	-	-	-
32 - 36	(R) SE to Remove & Replace (R&R)	5	N	L	-
37	Blank	1	-	-	-
38 - 42	(M) On Aircraft (A/C) Maint. SE	5	N	L	-
43	Blank	1	-	-	-
44 - 48	(VR) R&R Verification SE	5	N	L	-
49	Blank	11	-	-	-
50 - 54	(VM) On A/C Maint. Verif. SE	5	N	L	-
55	Blank	1	-	-	-
56 - 57	Maximum No. of SE Per Task	2	N	R	-
58 - 80	Blank	23	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Card Type LF - Air Force Specialty - Flight Line File

The flight line Air Force specialty (LF) cards identify the manpower by specialty type and skill level that is needed to accomplish each maintenance task event. One or more LF cards must be supplied for each subsystem and should be organized in the same order as the CR cards for more efficient program operation and ease of editing. The current version of the program allows assigning up to five Air Force specialty codes (AFSCs) per task event per equipment. Table 3 gives the card format which is further described in Appendix A. The cards for the example run are listed in Figure 5.

	ID#	A	T	CND	R	M	VR	VM	#
LF	AC310 -1	43171	32833	32853	32833	32853	32853	32853	2
LF	AC310 -2	42153					32833	32833	
LF	AC320 -1	43171	32833	32853	32833	32853	32853	32853	2
LF	AC320 -2	42153		32833		32833			
LF	AC330 -1	43171	32833	32853	32833	32853	32853	32853	2
LF	AC330 -2	42153		32833		32833	32833	32833	
LF	AN110 -1	43171	32831	32851	32831	32851	32851	32851	2
LF	AN110 -2	42153		32831		32831			
LF	AN120 -1	43171	32831	32851	32831	32851	32851	32851	2
LF	AN120 -2	42153		32831		32831			
LF	AN130 -1	43171	32831	32851	32831	32851	32851	32851	2
LF	AN130 -2	42153		32831		32831	32831	32831	

Figure 5. Printout of LF cards for the example run

Table 3
Air Force Specialty - Flight Line File

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - LF	2	A	F	-
3	Blank	1	-	-	-
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	-
5	Major System	1	A	F	-
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-
7	Operational Function	1	N	F	-
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	X	F	-
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-
11	Dash	1	X	F	-
12	Card Sequence	1	N	F	-
13	Blank	1	-	-	-
14 - 18	(A) AFSC to Set Up Support Equipment	5	N	F	-
19	Blank	1	-	-	-
20 - 24	(T) Troubleshooting AFSC	5	N	F	-
25	Blank	1	-	-	-
26 - 30	(C) Cannot Duplicate Discrepancy AFSC	5	N	F	-
31	Blank	1	-	-	-
32 - 36	(R) AFSC to Remove & Replace (R&R)	5	N	F	-
37	Blank	1	-	-	-
38 - 42	(M) On Aircraft (A/C) Maint. AFSC	5	N	F	-
43	Blank	1	-	-	-
44 - 48	(VR) R&R Verification AFSC	5	N	F	-
49	Blank	1	-	-	-
50 - 54	(VM) On A/C Maint. Verif. AFSC	5	N	F	-
55	Blank	1	-	-	-
56 - 57	Maximum No. of AFSCs Per Task	2	N	R	-
58 - 80	Blank	23	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Card Type LS - Air Force Specialty - Shop File

The shop Air Force specialty (LS) cards, like the flight line LF cards, identify the manpower needed to perform the associated shop tasks. One or more LS cards must be supplied for each LRU accounted for by the CR cards. These cards may be in any order, but placing them in the same order as the CR cards is recommended for more efficient program operation and for ease of editing. The format is found in Table 4 and is further described in Appendix A. A printout of the cards used for the example run are listed in Figure 6.

ID#		W	K	N	TD	TS	#
LS	AC311 -1	32850	32850	32850	3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC311 -2	32830			3263A	3263A	
LS	AC312 -1	32850		32850			2
LS	AC312 -2	32830					
LS	AC321 -1	32850	32850	32850	3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC321 -2	32830			3263A	3263A	
LS	AC322 -1	32850		32850	3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC322 -2				3263A	3263A	
LS	AC323 -1	32850		32850	3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC323 -2				3263A	3263A	
LS	AC331 -1	32850	32850		3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC331 -2	32830			3263A	3263A	
LS	AC332 -1	32850		32850	3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC332 -2	32830			3263A	3263A	
LS	AC333 -1	32850	32850		3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC333 -2	32830			3263A	3263A	
LS	AC334 -1	32850		32850			2
LS	AC334 -2	32830					
LS	AN111 -1			32651	3265B	3265B	2
LS	AN111 -2				3263B	3265B	
LS	AN121 -1	32850	32850	32850	3265A	3265A	2
LS	AN121 -2	32830			3263A	3263A	
LS	AN122 -1			32850	3265A	3265A	2
LS	AN122 -2				3263A	3263A	
LS	AN131 -1	32850	32850	32850	3265A	3265A	2
LS	AN131 -2	32830			3263A	3263A	
LS	AN132 -1			32850			1

Figure 6. Printout of LS cards for the example run

Table 4
Air Force Specialty - Shop File

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - LS	2	A	F	-
3	Blank	1	-	-	-
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	-
5	Major System	1	A	F	-
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-
7	Organizational Function	1	N	F	-
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	X	F	-
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-
11	Dash	1	X	F	-
12	Card Sequence	1	N	F	-
13 - 19	Blank	7	-	-	-
20 - 24	(W) Bench Check & Repair AFSC	5	N	F	-
25	Blank	1	-	-	-
26 - 30	(K) Bench Check & CND AFSC	5	N	F	-
31	Blank	1	-	-	-
32 - 36	(N) Bench Check & NRTS AFSC	5	N	F	-
37 - 39	Blank	13	-	-	-
50 - 54	(TD) Test Drawer Repair AFSC	5	N	F	-
55	Blank	1	-	-	-
56 - 60	(TS) Test Station Repair AFSC	5	N	F	-
61	Blank	1	-	-	-
62 - 63	Maximum No. of AFSCs Per Task	2	N	R	-
64 - 80	Blank	17	-	-	-

*A - alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Card Type TS - Task Time - Shop File

The shop task time (TS) cards provide the model with the average time per worker that it takes to accomplish the associated task event. For each LRU, one card of type TS is required to input the shop task event times. These cards may be in any order, but placing them in the same order as the CR cards is recommended for more efficient program operation and for ease of editing. The card format is found in Table 5 and is further described in Appendix A. The cards used for the example run are listed in Figure 7. The time is input in tenths of an hour; e.g., 50 equals 5.0 hours.

	ID#	W	K	N	TD	TS
TS	AC311 -1	28	14	14	12	50
TS	AC312 -1	25		10		
TS	AC321 -1	50	14	13	12	50
TS	AC322 -1	08		10	12	50
TS	AC323 -1	59		07	12	50
TS	AC331 -1	31	28		12	50
TS	AC332 -1	45		35	12	50
TS	AC333 -1	25	14		12	50
TS	AC334 -1	15		06		
TS	AN111 -1			08	12	50
TS	AN121 -1	33	11	20	12	50
TS	AN122 -1			05	12	50
TS	AN131 -1	11	07	17	12	50
TS	AN132 -1			02		

Figure 7. Printout of the TS cards for the example run

Table 5

Task Time - Shop File

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - TS	2	A	F	-
3	Blank	1	-	-	-
4	Weapon System	1	A	F	-
5	Major System	1	A	F	-
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-
7	Operational Function	1	N	F	-
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	X	F	-
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-
11	Dash	1	X	F	-
12	Card Sequence	1	N	F	-
13 - 19	Blank	7	-	-	-
20 - 24	(W) Bench Check & Repair Time	5	N	R	1
25	Blank	1	-	-	-
26 - 30	(K) Bench Check & CND Time	5	N	R	1
31	Blank	1	-	-	-
32 - 36	(N) Bench Check & NRTS Time	5	N	R	1
37 - 49	Blank	13	-	-	-
50 - 54	(TD) Test Drawer Repair Time	5	N	R	1
55	Blank	1	-	-	-
56 - 60	(TS) Test Station Repair Time	5	N	R	1
60 - 80	Blank	20	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Card Type TF - Task Time - Flight Line File

The flight line task time (TF) cards, like the TS cards, provide the average time, by subsystem, to accomplish the flight line maintenance task events. One card must be provided for each subsystem and organized in the same order as the CR cards for efficient program operation and ease of editing. The card format is provided in Table 6 and further described in Appendix A. The cards used for the example run are listed in Figure 8.

	ID#	A	T	CND	R	M	VR	VM
TF	AC310 -1	02	05	20	15	26	01	01
TF	AC320 -1	02	02	08	14	11	05	05
TF	AC330 -1	02	10	10	10	06	05	05
TF	AN110 -1	02	10	16	15	14	09	09
TF	AN120 -1	02	05	18	10	08	05	02
TF	AN130 -1	02	02	27	10	10	04	02

Figure 8. Printout of TF cards for example run

Table 6

Task Time - Flight Line File

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - TF	2	A	F	-
3	Blank	1	-	-	-
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	-
5	Major System	1	A	F	-
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-
7	Operational Function	1	N	F	-
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	X	F	-
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-
11	Dash	1	X	F	-
12	Card Sequence	1	N	F	-
13	Blank	1	-	-	-
14 - 18	(A) Time to Set Up Support Equipment	5	N	R	1
19	Blank	1	-	-	-
20 - 24	(T) Troubleshooting Time	5	N	R	1
25	Blank	1	-	-	-
26 - 30	(C) Cannot Duplicate Discrepancy Time	5	N	R	1
31	Blank	1	-	-	-
32 - 36	(R) Time to Remove & Replace (R&R)	5	N	R	1
37	Blank	1	-	-	-
38 - 42	(M) On Aircraft (A/C) Maint. Time	5	N	R	1
43	Blank	1	-	-	-
44 - 48	(VR) R&R Verification Time	5	N	R	1
49	Blank	1	-	-	-
50 - 54	(VM) On A/C Maintenance Verif. Time	5	N	R	1
55 - 80	Blank	26	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Card Type PF - Probability - Flight Line File

The flight line probability (PF) cards provide the probability of occurrence of each flight line maintenance task event. One card of type PF is required for each subsystem. They may be in any order, but placing them in the same order as the CR cards is recommended for more efficient program operation and for ease of editing. The card format is provided in Table 7 and further described in Appendix A. A printout of the cards used in the example run are shown in Figure 9.

ID#	A	T	CND	R	M	VR	VR
PF AC310 -1 10000	8800	1200	5280	3520	5280	3520	
PF AC320 -1 10000	8700	1300	7569	1131	7569	1131	
PF AC330 -1 10000	9300	0700	2790	6510	2790	6510	
PF AN110 -1 10000	8600	1400	6280	2320	6280	2320	
PF AN120 -1 10000	9600	0400	8256	1344	8256	1344	
PF AN130 -1 10000	9200	0800	6624	2576	6624	2576	

Figure 9. Printout of the PF cards for the example run

Table 7
P Probability - Flight Line File

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - PF	2	A	F	-
3	Blank	1	-	-	-
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	-
5	Major System	1	A	F	-
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-
7	Operational Function	1	N	F	-
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	X	F	-
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-
11	Dash	1	X	F	-
12	Card Sequence	1	N	F	-
13	Blank	1	-	-	-
14 - 18	P _A - Set Up Support Equipment	5	N	R	4
19	Blank	1	-	-	-
20 - 24	P _T - Troubleshoot	5	N	R	4
25	Blank	1	-	-	-
26 - 30	P _C - Cannot Duplicate Discrepancy	5	N	R	4
31	Blank	1	-	-	-
32 - 36	P _R - Remove & Replace (R&R)	5	N	R	4
37	Blank	1	-	-	-
38 - 42	P _M - On Aircraft (A/C) Maintenance	5	N	R	4
43	Blank	1	-	-	-
44 - 48	PV _R - R&R Verification	5	N	R	4
49	Blank	1	-	-	-
50 - 54	PV _M - On A/C Maintenance Verification	5	N	R	4
55 - 80	Blank	26	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Card Type PS - Probability - Shop File

The shop probability (PS) cards, like the PF cards, provide the probability of occurrence of each maintenance task event performed on each LRU received in the shop. One card must be provided for each LRU, preferably in the same order as the CR cards to simplify editing and make program operation more efficient. The card format is listed in Table 8 and further described in Appendix A. A printout of the cards used in the example run are shown in Figure 10.

	ID#	W	K	N	TD	TS
PS	AC311 -1	1126	0423	1971	0317	0188
PS	AC312 -1	0880		0880		
PS	AC321 -1	6790	0295	0295	1993	0168
PS	AC322 -1	0076		0009	0020	0003
PS	AC323 -1	0052		0052	0016	0002
PS	AC331 -1	0272	0189		0125	0105
PS	AC332 -1	0216		0438	0124	0017
PS	AC333 -1	0623	0166		0213	0018
PS	AC334 -1	0443		0443		
PS	AN111 -1			6280	1319	0115
PS	AN121 -1	7228	0318	0397	2145	0181
PS	AN122 -1			0313	0059	0008
PS	AN131 -1	5503	0842	0129	1748	0148
PS	AN132 -1			0150		

Figure 10. Printout of the PS cards used for the example run

Table 8

P Probability - Shop File

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - PS	2	A	F	-
3	Blank	1	-	-	-
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	-
5	Major System	1	A	F	-
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-
7	Organizational Function	1	N	F	-
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	X	F	-
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-
11	Dash	1	X	F	-
12	Card Sequence	1	N	F	-
13 - 19	Blank	7	-	-	-
20 - 24	P _W - Bench Check & Repair	5	N	R	4
25	Blank	1	-	-	-
26 - 30	P _K - Bench Check & RTOK	5	N	R	4
31	Blank	1	-	-	-
32 - 36	P _N - Bench Check & NRTS	5	N	R	4
37 - 49	Blank	13	-	-	-
50 - 54	P _{TD} - Test Drawer Repair	5	N	R	4
55	Blank	1	-	-	-
56 - 60	P _{TS} - Test Station Repair	5	N	R	4
61 - 80	Blank	20	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Card Type SS - Support Equipment - Shop File

The shop support equipment (SS) cards identify for the model which test station(s) and what drawer number within the station will be used to test each LRU received by the shop for maintenance. The SS card can also be used to list test equipment that would be used to maintain the test station. The current maximum number of test stations per LRU that the model will recognize is two. When a second station is necessary, the data are assigned to a second card with a -2 sequence. At least one card must be assigned to each LRU, preferably in the same order as the CR cards for more efficient program operation and to simplify editing. The format is provided in Table 9 and further described in Appendix A. A printout of the cards used for the example run are shown in Figure 11.

	ID#	W	K	N	TD#	TD	TS	#
SS	AC311 -1	DTS	DTS	DTS	012	DTS		1
SS	AC312 -1				013			0
SS	AC321 -1	CNITM	CNITM	CNITM	014	CNITM		1
SS	AC322 -1	CNITM		CNITM	015	CNITM		1
SS	AC323 -1	CNITM		CNITM	016	CNITM		1
SS	AC331 -1	CNITM	CNITM		017	CNITM		1
SS	AC332 -1	CNITM		CNITM	018	CNITM		1
SS	AC333 -1	CNITM	CNITM		019	CNITM		1
SS	AC334 -1				020			0
SS	AN111 -1			CMPTS	027	CMPTS		1
SS	AN121 -1	CNITM	CNITM	CNITM	028	CNITM		1
SS	AN122 -1			CNITM	029	CNITM		1
SS	AN131 -1	CNITM	CNITM	CNITM	030	CNITM		1
SS	AN132 -1				031			0

Figure 11. Printout of SS cards for the example run

Table 9
Support Equipment (SE) - Shop File

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - SS	2	A	F	-
3	Blank	1	-	-	-
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	-
5	Major System	1	A	F	-
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-
7	Operational Function	1	N	F	-
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	X	F	-
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	2	N	F	-
11	Dash	1	X	F	-
12	Card Sequence	1	N	F	-
13 - 19	Blank	7	-	-	-
20 - 24	(W) SE to Bench Check & Repair	5	X	L	-
25	Blank	1	-	-	-
26 - 30	(K) SE to Bench Check & CND	5	X	L	-
31	Blank	1	-	-	-
32 - 36	(N) SE to Bench Check & NRTS	5	X	L	-
37	Blank	1	-	-	-
38 - 40	Test Drawer Number	3	N	R	-
41 - 49	Blank	9	-	-	-
50 - 54	(TD) SE Test Station Under Repair	5	X	L	-
55	Blank	1	-	-	-
56 - 60	(TS) SE to Check Out Test Station	5	X	L	-
61	Blank	1	-	-	-
62 - 63	Maximum No. of SE Per Task	2	N	R	-
64 - 80	Blank	17	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Card Type MF - Reliability Mean Values - Flight Line File

The flight line reliability mean value (MF) cards contain the mean flight hours between maintenance actions (MFHBMA) for each subsystem. An "H" factor showing the ratio of flight line LRU removals to shop receipts is also provided. The H factor values are input as an additive value greater than unity, and the program adds a one to this value. A further explanation of the H factor is provided in Appendix A for this card type.

There must be one MF card for every subsystem. They may be in any order, but placing them in the same order as the CR cards is recommended for more efficient program operation and for ease of editing. The format is found in Table 10 and further described in Appendix A. A printout of the cards used for the example run are shown in Figure 12. (Note: The example shows zero filled "H" factor" values, but the program does not require this data entry.)

ID#	MFHBMA	H.FACTOR
MF AC310 -1	404.6	0.0000
MF AC320 -1	62.9	0.0000
MF AC330 -1	328.1	0.0000
MF AN110 -1	1031.9	0.0000
MF AN120 -1	62.9	0.0000
MF AN130 -1	232.9	0.0000

Figure 12. Printout of the MF cards used for the example run

Table 10
Reliability Mean Values - Flight Line File

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
1 - 2	Card Type - MF	2	A	F	-
3	Blank	1	-	-	-
4	Aircraft System	1	A	F	-
5	Major System	1	A	F	-
6	Functional Group	1	A	F	-
7	Operational Function	1	N	F	-
8	Subsystem	1	N	F	-
9	Line Replaceable Unit	1	X	F	-
10	Shop Replaceable Unit	1	N	F	-
11	Dash	1	X	F	-
12	Card Sequence	1	N	F	-
13	Blank	1	-	-	-
14 - 19	Mean Flight Hours Between Maintenance Actions by subsystem (column 18 is a decimal)	6	N	R	1
20	Blank	1	-	-	-
21 - 26	H factor (column 22 is a decimal)	6	N	F	1
27 - 80	Blank	55	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

AFSC Cards - Air Force Specialty Code Definition

All AFSCs which were input in either an "LS" or "LF" input card must be defined here. The first card contains the number of AFSCs punched on the remaining cards. Each succeeding card may contain up to six AFSCs and the respective manhour rates. The AFSCs may be put in any order, and that ordering will be maintained in the AFSC output. If no manhour rate is input, \$1 per hour will be used. The format is provided in Table 11. A printout of the cards used for the example run are shown in Figure 13a.

016				
32251	32231	32651	32631	32652
32632	32850	32830	32851	32831
32853	32833	40451	40431	42153
43171				

Figure 13a. Printout of AFSC definition cards for example run

SE Cards - Support Equipment Definition

All support equipments which were input in either an "SF" or "SS" input card must be defined here. The first card contains the number of SEs punched on the remaining cards. Each succeeding card contains up to 13 SEs. They may be put in any order, and that ordering will be maintained in the SE output. The format is provided in Table 12. A printout of the cards used for the example run are shown in Figure 13b.

06					
MWTS	ARFTS	CNITM	DTS	ICTM	CMPTS

Figure 13b. Printout of SE definition cards for the example run

Table 11

AFSC Definition

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
(first card)					
1 - 3	Number of AFSCs	3	N	R	-
(succeeding cards)					
1 - 5	AFSC	5	N	L	-
6 - 11	AFSC manhour cost	6	N	R	2
13 - 17	AFSC	5	N	L	-
18 - 23	AFSC manhour cost	6	N	R	2
25 - 29	AFSC	5	N	L	-
30 - 35	AFSC manhour cost	6	N	R	2
37 - 41	AFSC	5	N	L	-
42 - 47	AFSC manhour cost	6	N	R	2
49 - 53	AFSC	5	N	L	-
54 - 59	AFSC manhour cost	6	N	R	2
61 - 65	AFSC	5	N	L	-
66 - 71	AFSC manhour cost	6	N	R	2
72 - 80	Blank	9	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, x = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Table 12
Support Equipment Definition

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
(first card)					
1 - 2	Number of SEs	2	N	R	-
(succeeding cards)					
1 - 5	SE	5	X	L	-
7 - 11	SE	5	X	L	-
13 - 17	SE	5	X	L	-
19 - 23	SE	5	X	L	-
25 - 29	SE	5	X	L	-
31 - 35	SE	5	X	L	-
37 - 41	SE	5	X	L	-
43 - 47	SE	5	X	L	-
49 - 53	SE	5	X	L	-
55 - 59	SE	5	X	L	-
61 - 65	SE	5	X	L	-
67 - 71	SE	5	X	L	-
73 - 77	SE	5	X	L	-
78 - 80	Blank	3	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Option Card Formats

Program option cards immediately follow the data file cards of the R&M input deck. These cards are used to generate optional outputs of the model as described below.

AFSCs and SEs of Interest

This option specifies how many Air Force specialty code (AFSC) and support equipment (SE) reports are to be output and then defines them. The first card contains the count and the succeeding cards the AFSC or SE identifications. The format is provided in Table 13. If no AFSC or SE output is desired, a zero is entered in the first card and successive cards are omitted. To reduce the input requirements, the words ALLAF or ALLSE may be used in place of the AFSC or SE identifications to invoke output for all the AFSCs or all of the SEs.

A separate output report will be generated for each AFSC designated. Each report displays, for every subsystem requiring that AFSC, the MMH/1000 FH required for the total shop task events per LRU, the total flight line task events, and the total for the subsystem. An example output matrix is shown in Figure 18. A column of the matrix records the cost/1000 FH for each of these MMH/1000 FH outputs obtained by multiplying by the cost per MMH for that AFSC.

A separate output report of maintenance requirements will be generated for each SE designated. An example output matrix is shown in Figure 17. Each of these reports will provide values for (1) the Test Drawer Repair (TD REP) representing the in-shop repair of the test station drawer (or combination of test equipment) that is needed to test the LRU being checked, (2) the Test Station Repair (TS REP) representing the in-shop repair of the entire test station that is needed to test the LRU being checked and (3) their total. These TD REP, TS REP, and total values are provided for each of the individual LRUs tested on the particular test station and each is given in terms of MTTR, MMH, MMH/1000 FH, and MTTR/1000 FH.

Table 13
Formatted dimension of basic and option cards used during AFSC and SE
AFSC and SE Option Cards

Column	Title	Length	Type*	Justification**	Decimal Placement
(first card)					
1 - 3	Number of AFSCs and SEs requested	3	N	R	-
(succeeding cards)					
1 - 5		5	X	L	-
7 - 11		5	X	L	-
13 - 17		5	X	L	-
19 - 23		5	X	L	-
25 - 29		5	X	L	-
31 - 35	AFSC identification or	5	X	L	-
37 - 41	SE identification or	5	X	L	-
43 - 47	ALLAF or ALLSE	5	X	L	-
49 - 53		5	X	L	-
55 - 59		5	X	L	-
61 - 65		5	X	L	-
67 - 71		5	X	L	-
73 - 77		5	X	L	-
78 - 80		3	-	-	-

*A = alpha, N = numeric, X = alpha/numeric

**F = fixed, R = right, L = left

Subsystem Data Options

The following 13 option cards may occur in any number (or may be omitted) and in any order, with duplications if desired. They serve to call up optional output reports as described below. If none are included, no optional reports will be output. In every case, the subsystem name, or portion thereof, is punched in columns 1-7 and the option number (right-justified) in columns 9-10.

<u>Option #</u>	<u>Title</u>	- Description
01	MTTR BY TASK PER LRU	- displays mean time to repair for each LRU within the subsystem designated. If the subsystem field is left blank and only the option number is specified, one report will be generated for each subsystem and its LRUs.
02	MTTR AS % OF TOTAL	- same as 01 except the values displayed are percentages of the total subsystem MTTR. Only the percentages are displayed.
03	MMH BY TASK PER LRU	- displays maintenance manhours for each LRU within the subsystem designated. If the subsystem field is left blank and only the option number is specified, one report will be generated for each subsystem and its LRUs.
04	MMH AS % OF TOTAL	- same as 03 except the values displayed are percentages of the total subsystem MMH. Only the percentages are displayed.
05	MMH PER 1000 FH	- displays maintenance manhours per thousand flight hours reports for each LRU within the subsystem designated. If the subsystem field is left blank and only the option number is specified, one report will be generated for each subsystem and its LRUs.
06	MAINT INDEX x 1000	- displays the equipment maintainability index defined as MTTR per 1000 flight hours obtained from the equation (MTTR x 1000)/MFHBMA. If the subsystem field is left blank, one report will be generated for each subsystem and its LRUs.

Options 07 through 12 are similar to options 01 through 06, respectively, with the following two exceptions which apply to each option:

- a) Only the bottom line total is given for each report rather than itemizing by LRU
- b) Rather than each report representing outcomes of maintenance actions for a single subsystem, each can be stipulated to represent a summation over several subsystems as selected by the portion of the subsystem ID number punched in columns 1-7.

These exceptions can be noted in the example run, whereby "AC3" was used as the operational function group ID for options 07 through 12. All subsystems beginning with "AC3" are then used in the summation. Any number of characters may be used as the portion of the subsystem ID. This makes possible the selection of outputs for any hierarchical grouping of subsystems desired. This relationship of ID number to hierarchical order of the equipment is illustrated in Figure 2.

<u>Option #</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>- Description</u>
13	MTTR for All Subsystems and MMH for All Subsystems -	this option requires no entry in the subsystem field (columns 1-7) and produces two reports summing the MTTR and MMH for all subsystems.

Figure 14 shows the input option cards which immediately follow the input data file cards. This set of option cards was used in the example run to generate the sample output reports used in this report.

002
ALLAF ALLSE
13
01
AC320 02
03
AC320 04
05
06
AC3 07
AC3 08
AC3 09
AC3 10
AC3 11
AC3 12

Figure 14. Printout of input options cards for the example run

V. OUTPUT REPORTS

Structure of the Example Run

The R&M model is capable of providing the user with up to 16 output reports. In addition, a complete listing of the R&M input data is printed out for verification by the user. Figure 15 is a print-out of the data used for the example run; complete instructions for its preparation have been provided in Section IV and Appendix A of this volume. Figure 16 displays the first report printed when the R&M model batch program is run. It is the "Subsystem Inherent Flight Line Availability" report which displays this parameter for all subsystems ranked by order of magnitude. This report is always printed first and is not optionally controlled.

Samples of the support equipment (SE) matrices (Figure 17) and AFSC matrices (Figure 18) were selected from the set requested on the option cards previously shown in Figure 14. One report matrix for each requested SE and AFSC is produced when the R&M model is run. Formats for these reports are described on page 43.

Optional output reports 01 through 13 are printed next (Figures 19 through 32) in the order they were requested (Figure 14). The format of these output reports is similarly structured. Briefly, the first line of the report names the value computed and the terms of the computation. The second line provides the subsystem identification (ID) number, work unit code (WUC) in parentheses, equipment name, and the mean flight hours between maintenance action value for the specified subsystem. The third line provides the user with the column headings that describe the data elements contained in the output matrices for each maintenance event.

The column titles are:

AGE F/L	setup support equipment event on the flight line
TS F/L	troubleshooting event on the flight line
R&R	remove and replace event
VR&R	verification event of removal and replacement
CND A/C	troubleshooting event on the aircraft, cannot duplicate the discrepancy

M A/C	minor maintenance on aircraft event
VM A/C	verification event, that the maintenance performed corrected the discrepancy
SHOP	bench check, test, and repair events of units removed to the shop
TOT/OUT	total per outcome

The fourth line provides the line replaceable unit (LRU), ID number, WUC, and equipment name, which is repeated for each set of LRU data displayed.

Descriptions of lines two and four apply only to report options 01 through 06.

The rows of data that follow these headings contain the computed values broken out by task event for each of the following maintenance action outcomes:

W	bench check and repair outcome
K	bench tested and found serviceable outcome (no maintenance required)
N	not repairable this station (NRTS) outcome which is a return to depot for repair
SUB	subtotal for the shop tasks required for the LRU
CND	cannot duplicate the discrepancy outcome
TOT/TSK	total for the task

For detailed descriptions of the output reports, including equations, definitions, and example calculations the user should reference Section IV of AFHRL-TR-78-2(I), the companion technical report to this user's guide.

DAIS THEORETICAL RELIABILITY AND MAINTAINABILITY MODEL

06	CR	AC310	-1		63510	1	DATA LINK			2
	CR	AC310	-2		63150					
	CR	AC311	-1	11.8	63511	1	CONVERTER/RECEIVER	AN/ASW-	25	8
	CR	AC311	-2		63511					
	CR	AC312	-1	2.0	63515	1	MOUNT & ANTENNA	CV-2230A/ASW-25		1
	CR	AC320	-1		63A00	1	UHF RADIO SET	AN/ARC-	51BX	3
	CR	AC320	-2		63A00					
	CR	AC321	-1	27.7	63AA0	1	RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER (UHF)	RT-742B/ARC-51BX		9
	CR	AC321	-2		63AA0					
	CR	AC322	-1	1.0	63AE0	1	DIPLEXER			2
	CR	AC323	-1	1.1	63AL0	1	STANDING WAVE RATIO INDICATOR	ID-1003/ARC		1
	CR	AC323	-2		63AL0					
	CR	AC330	-1		63B00	1	AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING SET - UHF	AN/ARA-	50	4
	CR	AC330	-2		63B00					
	CR	AC331	-1	5.4	63BA0	1	RELAY AMPLIFIER	AM-3624/ARA-50		2
	CR	AC331	-2		63BA0					
	CR	AC332	-1	10.0	63BB0	1	ANTENNA			1
	CR	AC332	-2		63BB0					
	CR	AC333	-1	8.0	63BC0	1	RECEIVER	AS-909/ARA-48		7
	CR	AC333	-2		63BC0					
	CR	AC334	-1	1.1	63BF0	1	MOUNT			1
	CR	AN110	-1		71A00	1	HEADING MODE SYSTEM			
	CR	AN111	-1	4.0	71A00					
	CR	AN120	-1		71B00	1	RATE GYRO TRANSMITTER	AN/ARN-	52	1
	CR	AN120	-2		71B00					
	CR	AN121	-1	43.3	71BA0	1	RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER (TACAN)	RT-893/ARN-52		8
	CR	AN121	-2		71BA0					
	CR	AN122	-1	2.3	71BB0	1	ANTENNA SWITCH			1

Figure 15. Input data records

		INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEM		AN/ARN- 58A		GLIDESLOPE REC	
		RADIO MARKER BEACON		5826-00-226-6030		R-844A/ARN-58A	
		ANTENNA					
CR	AN130 -1	71C00	1	D60	D60	D60	D60
CR	AN130 -2	71C00	1	D60	D60	D60	D60
CR	AN131 -1	8 . 6	71CA0	D60	D60	D60	D60
CR	AN131 -2	71CA	1	D60	D60	D60	D60
CR	AN132 -1	4 . 0	71CC0	D60	D60	D60	D60
CR	AN132 -2			D60	D60	D60	D60
CSF	AC310 -1			D60	D60	D60	D60
CSF	AC320 -1			D60	D60	D60	D60
CSF	AC330 -1			D60	D60	D60	D60
CSF	AN110 -1			D60	D60	D60	D60
CSF	AN120 -1			D60	D60	D60	D60
CSF	AN130 -1			D60	D60	D60	D60
CSF	AC310 -1	43171	32833	32853	32833	32853	32853
CSF	AC310 -2	42153				32833	32833
CSF	AC320 -1	43171	32833	32853	32833	32853	32853
CSF	AC320 -2	42153				32833	32833
CSF	AC330 -1	43171	32833	32853	32833	32853	32853
CSF	AC330 -2	42153				32833	32833
CSF	AC320 -1	43171	32833	32853	32833	32853	32853
CSF	AC320 -2	42153				32833	32833
CSF	AC330 -1	43171	32831	32851	32831	32851	32851
CSF	AC330 -2	42153				32831	32831
CSF	AN110 -1	43171	32831	32851	32831	32851	32851
CSF	AN110 -2	42153				32831	32831
CSF	AN120 -1	43171	32831	32851	32831	32851	32851
CSF	AN120 -2	42153				32831	32831
CSF	AN130 -1	43171	32831	32851	32831	32851	32851
CSF	AN130 -2	42153				32831	32831
LS	AC311 -1			32850	32850	32850	32850
LS	AC311 -2			32830			
LS	AC312 -1			32850			
LS	AC312 -2			32830			
LS	AC321 -1			32850	32850		
LS	AC321 -2			32830			

Figure 15. (continued)

AC3222	-1	32850	32850	3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC3222	-2		3263A	3263A	2
LS	AC3223	-1		3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC3223	-2		3263A	3263A	2
LS	AC3223	-1		3265A	3265A	2
LS	AC3331	-1	32850	32850	3265A	2
LS	AC3331	-2	32830	32850	3263A	2
LS	AC3331	-1	32850	32850	3265A	2
LS	AC3332	-2	32830	32830	3263A	2
LS	AC3332	-1	32850	32850	3265A	2
LS	AC3332	-2	32830	32830	3263A	2
LS	AC3333	-1	32850	32850	3265A	2
LS	AC3333	-2	32830	32830	3263A	2
LS	AC3334	-1	32850	32850	3263A	2
LS	AC3334	-2	32830	32830	3265B	2
LS	AN111	-1		32651	3265B	2
LS	AN111	-2			3263B	2
LS	AN121	-1	32850	32850	3265A	2
LS	AN121	-2	32830	32850	3263A	2
LS	AN122	-1		32850	3265A	2
LS	AN122	-2			3263A	2
LS	AN131	-1	32850	32850	3265A	2
LS	AN131	-2	32830	32850	3263A	2
TS	AC311	-1		32850	3263A	1
TS	AC312	-1	28	14	12	50
TS	AC312	-1	25	14	12	50
TS	AC321	-1	50	14	12	50
TS	AC322	-1	08	13	12	50
TS	AC323	-1	59	07	12	50
TS	AC331	-1	31	28	12	50
TS	AC332	-1	45	35	12	50
TS	AC333	-1	25	14	12	50
TS	AC334	-1				06

Figure 15. (continued)

TS	AN111	-1		08	12	50
TS	AN121	-1	33	11	20	50
TS	AN122	-1		05	12	50
TS	AN131	-1	11	07	17	50
TS	AN132	-1		02	15	50
TF	AC310	-1	02	05	26	01
TF	AC320	-1	02	02	11	05
TF	AC330	-1	02	08	06	05
TF	AN110	-1	02	10	15	09
TF	AN120	-1	02	10	14	09
TF	AN130	-1	02	05	08	05
PF	AC310	-1	10000	8800	10	02
PF	AC320	-1	10000	8700	10	02
PF	AC330	-1	10000	9300	10	02
PF	AN110	-1	10000	8600	27	04
PF	AN120	-1	10000	9600	27	04
PF	AN130	-1	10000	9200	27	04
PS	AC311	-1		02	10	02
PS	AC312	-1		02	10	02
PS	AC321	-1	33	11	20	50
PS	AC322	-1		02	10	50
PS	AC323	-1		02	10	50
PS	AC331	-1	02	05	11	05
PS	AC332	-1	02	08	06	05
PS	AC333	-1	02	10	15	09
PS	AC334	-1	02	10	14	09
PS	AN111	-1		02	10	02
PS	AN121	-1		02	10	02
PS	AN122	-1		02	10	02
PS	AN131	-1		02	10	02

Figure 15. (continued)

PS	AN132	-1	DTS	DTS	DTS	0150
SS	AC311	-1				
SS	AC312	-1				
SS	AC321	-1				
SS	AC322	-1				
SS	AC323	-1				
SS	AC331	-1				
SS	AC332	-1				
SS	AC333	-1				
SS	AC334	-1				
SS	AN111	-1				
SS	AN121	-1				
SS	AN122	-1				
SS	AN131	-1				
SS	AN132	-1				
MF	AC310	-1	404.	6	0.	0000
MF	AC320	-1	62.	9	0.	0000
MF	AC330	-1	328.	1	0.	0000
MF	AN110	-1	1031.	9	0.	0000
MF	AN120	-1	62.	9	0.	0000
MF	AN130	-1	232.	9	0.	0000
016						
322251			322231		322651	32631
32632			322850		322830	32851
32853			32833		40431	42153
43171						
MWTS	ARFTS	CNITM	DTS	ICTM	CMPSTS	06

Figure 15. (continued)

SUBSYSTEM INHERENT FLIGHT LINE AVAILABILITY

<u>SUBSYSTEM</u>	<u>AVAILABILITY</u>
AN120	0.9673
AC320	0.9677
AN130	0.9922
AC330	0.9929
AC310	0.9934
AN110	0.9968

SERVICE FLIGHT LINE AVAILABILITY-
0.9132

Figure 16. Sample availability report

- MTR/M -												- MTR/FH -												- MTR/1000 FH -															
SE-C-NHM				TD R				TS R				TOTAL				TD R				TS R				TOTAL				TD R				TS R				TOTAL			
AC111 6	0.0823	0.0210	0.1033	0.1646	0.0420	0.2060	0.2282	0.8235	4.0518	1.6141	0.4118	2.0250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AC112 7	0.0490	0.0270	0.1760	0.1679	0.0540	0.1519	1.9200	2.9788	0.9600	0.5294	1.4894	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC113 8	0.0154	0.0085	0.0239	0.0307	0.0120	0.0477	0.6024	0.3333	0.9357	0.3012	0.1667	0.6778	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
AC114 9	0.0162	0.0090	0.0252	0.0324	0.0180	0.0504	0.6553	0.3529	0.8882	0.3176	0.1765	0.9411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
AC110	0.1628	0.0655	0.2283	0.2257	0.1310	0.4567	6.3859	2.5686	8.9545	3.1929	1.2843	4.4773	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC211 10	0.1777	0.0625	0.2402	0.1554	0.1250	0.4804	4.7519	1.6711	6.4230	2.3759	0.8156	3.2115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC212 11	0.0028	0.0015	0.0043	0.0055	0.0030	0.0085	0.0738	0.0601	0.1139	0.0369	0.0201	0.0570	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC210	0.1805	0.0640	0.2445	0.3610	0.1280	0.4890	4.8257	1.7112	6.5369	2.4128	0.8556	3.2684	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC311 12	0.0380	0.0940	0.1520	0.0761	0.1880	0.2641	0.1880	0.4647	0.6527	0.0940	0.2323	0.3263	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC310	0.0380	0.0840	0.1320	0.0761	0.1860	0.2641	0.1880	0.4647	0.6527	0.0940	0.2323	0.3263	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC321 14	0.2392	0.0294	0.0015	0.0039	0.0048	0.0663	0.4783	0.1680	0.6663	0.0763	0.0777	0.1240	3.8022	1.3555	5.1377	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC322 15	0.0024	0.0015	0.0010	0.0010	0.0029	0.0038	0.0020	0.0058	0.0810	0.0318	0.0305	0.0159	0.0164	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
AC323 16	0.0019	0.0010	0.0010	0.0010	0.0020	0.0029	0.0020	0.0058	0.0810	0.0318	0.0305	0.0159	0.0164	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
AC320	0.2435	0.0665	0.1300	0.0870	0.1750	0.6600	7.7418	2.7504	10.4922	3.8709	1.3752	5.2461	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC331 17	0.0150	0.025	0.0675	0.0300	0.0675	0.1550	0.0300	0.1050	0.1550	0.0914	0.3200	0.4115	0.0457	0.1600	0.2057	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC332 18	0.0149	0.0285	0.0234	0.0234	0.0298	0.0668	0.0907	0.0518	0.1425	0.0518	0.0424	0.0713	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC333 19	0.0256	0.0090	0.0346	0.0346	0.0511	0.0861	0.0558	0.0558	0.1558	0.0549	0.0549	0.0774	0.0774	0.0774	0.0774	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
AC330	0.0554	0.0200	0.1254	0.1109	0.1600	0.2509	0.3379	0.4267	0.7666	0.1690	0.2133	0.3823	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC411 21	0.0616	0.0040	0.0456	0.0831	0.0080	0.0913	0.5559	0.0536	0.6093	0.2780	0.0267	0.3047	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AC412 22	0.0316	0.0036	0.0346	0.0631	0.0050	0.0651	0.0691	0.0424	0.0424	0.0404	0.0414	0.2307	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AC413 23	0.0132	0.0010	0.0142	0.0264	0.0112	0.0264	0.0264	0.0284	0.0762	0.0134	0.0134	0.0134	0.0134	0.0134	0.0134	0.0134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC410	0.0964	0.0080	0.0964	0.1728	0.0160	0.1888	1.1535	0.1068	1.2603	0.1762	0.1762	0.5768	0.6330	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
AC511 24	0.2777	0.0700	0.3447	0.1554	0.1400	0.6954	0.8574	0.2161	1.0736	0.4287	0.1081	0.5368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AC510	0.2777	0.0700	0.3447	0.1554	0.1400	0.6954	0.8574	0.2161	1.0736	0.4287	0.1081	0.5368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AC611 25	0.1643	0.0415	0.2058	0.3286	0.0830	0.4116	2.7221	0.6877	3.4098	1.3611	0.3438	1.7049	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AC612 26	0.0035	0.0020	0.0055	0.0070	0.0040	0.0110	0.1577	0.0331	0.0331	0.0208	0.0208	0.0667	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AC610	0.2645	0.0945	0.3590	0.5290	0.1890	0.2180	8.4095	3.0068	11.143	4.2048	1.5024	5.7072	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AC611	0.1678	0.0435	0.2113	0.3355	0.0870	0.4225	2.7798	0.7208	3.5006	1.3899	0.3604	1.7503	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AN121 28	0.2574	0.0905	0.3479	0.5148	0.1810	0.6958	8.1844	2.8776	11.0220	4.0922	1.4388	5.5310	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AN122 29	0.0071	0.0040	0.0111	0.0142	0.0080	0.0222	0.2251	0.1222	0.3523	0.1126	0.1636	0.1762	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AN120	0.2645	0.0945	0.3590	0.5290	0.1890	0.2180	8.4095	3.0068	11.143	4.2048	1.5024	5.7072	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AN131 30	0.2098	0.0740	0.2283	0.4195	0.1480	0.5675	1.8013	0.6355	2.4368	0.9006	0.3177	1.2184	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AN130	0.2098	0.0740	0.2283	0.4195	0.1480	0.5675	1.8013	0.6355	2.4368	0.9006	0.3177	1.2184	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AN211 32	0.2448	0.0860	0.3308	0.4896	0.1720	0.6616	9.0000	3.1618	12.1618	4.5000	1.5809	6.0409	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AN213 34	0.1928	0.0070	0.0198	0.0287	0.0140	0.0592	0.4721	0.2574	0.7294	0.2136	0.1287	0.3647	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
AN210	0.2576	0.0930	0.3506	0.5153	0.1860	0.2013	9.4721	3.4191	12.8912	4.7360	1.7096	6.4456	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
TOTAL	1.9440	0.7630	2.7070	3.8880	1.5260	5.4140	43.9530	16.0247	59.5777	21.9765	8.0124	29.9489	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Figure 17. Sample SE maintenance requirements report

AFSC-32830 \$ 1.00

	MMH/KFH	COST/KFH
AC111	13.43961	13.43961
AC112	18.18980	18.18980
AC113	3.96471	3.96471
AC114	6.00549	6.00549
FL	0.	0.
AC110	41.59961	41.59961
AC211	23.18182	23.18182
AC212	0.26310	0.26310
FL	0.	0.
AC210	23.44492	23.44492
AC311	0.77924	0.77924
AC312	0.54375	0.54375
FL	0.	0.
AC310	1.32299	1.32299
AC321	53.97456	53.97456
FL	0.	0.
AC320	53.97456	53.97456
AC331	0.25699	0.25699
AC332	0.29625	0.29625
AC333	0.47470	0.47470
AC334	0.20253	0.20253
FL	0.	0.
AC330	1.23048	1.23048
AC411	1.93565	1.93565
FL	0.	0.
AC410	1.93565	1.93565
AC511	2.03008	2.03008
FL	0.	0.
AC510	2.03008	2.03008
AC612	0.12759	0.12759
FL	0.	0.
AC610	0.12759	0.12759
AN121	37.92114	37.92114
FL	0.	0.
AN120	37.92114	37.92114
AN131	2.59910	2.59910
FL	0.	0.
AN130	2.59910	2.59910
AN211	39.04779	39.04779
FL	0.	0.
AN210	39.04779	39.04779
TOTAL	205.23391	205.23391

Figure 18. Sample manpower report

MTTR FCR ALL SUBSYSTEMS

SUPSYS	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VH A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
AC310	0.2000	0.4460	0.7919	0.0520	0.2400	0.9152	0.0352	0.9503	3.6333
AC320	0.2000	0.1740	1.0599	0.3785	0.1040	0.1244	0.0566	3.5306	5.6181
AC330	0.2000	0.9200	0.2790	0.1395	0.0700	0.3906	0.3255	0.6598	2.9944
AN110	0.2000	0.0600	0.9420	0.5652	0.2240	0.3248	0.2008	0.5024	3.0272
AN120	0.2000	0.4800	0.8256	0.4128	0.0720	0.1075	0.0269	2.5153	4.6401
AN130	0.2000	0.1840	0.6624	0.2650	0.2160	0.2576	0.0515	0.6892	2.9257
TOTAL	1.2000	3.0680	4.5608	1.8138	0.9260	2.1201	0.7045	0.6555	23.2487

Figure 19. Sample option 13 report (part 1)

MHH FCR ALL SUBSYSTEMS

SUPSYS	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VH A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
AC310	0.4000	0.4400	0.7919	0.1056	0.2400	0.9152	0.0704	1.4936	4.4565
AC320	0.4001	0.1740	1.0599	0.3785	0.2000	0.1244	0.1131	6.9261	9.3842
AC330	0.4000	0.9200	0.2790	0.2790	0.1400	0.7812	0.6510	1.0635	4.5237
AN110	0.4000	0.0600	0.9420	0.5652	0.4480	0.6496	0.2008	0.5024	4.5760
AN120	0.4000	0.4800	0.8256	0.4128	0.1440	0.2150	0.0269	4.9005	7.4048
AN130	0.4000	0.1840	0.6624	0.5299	0.4320	0.5152	0.1030	1.2945	4.1211
TOTAL	2.4000	3.0680	4.5608	2.2711	1.6120	3.2007	1.1732	16.1806	34.4663

Figure 20. Sample option 13 report (part 2)

MTTR BY TASK PER LRU

SUBSYSTEM- AC320		(63A00)		UHF RADIO SET				MFHBM = 62.9			
AGE	F/L	TS	F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND	A/C	M	A/C	VW	A/C
LRU- AC321 (63AA0) RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER (UHF)											
W	0.13580	0.13580	0.95060	0.33950						3.39500	4.95670
K	0.00590	0.00590	0.04130	0.01475						0.04130	0.10915
N	0.00590	0.00590	0.04130	0.01475						0.03835	0.10620
SUB	0.14760	0.14760	1.03320	0.36900						3.47465	5.17205
LRU- AC322 (63AE0) DIPLEXER											
W	0.00158	0.00158	0.01106	0.00395						0.00632	0.02449
K	0.	0.	0.	0.						0.	0.
N	0.00018	0.00018	0.00126	0.00045						0.00090	0.00297
SUB	0.00176	0.00176	0.01232	0.00440						0.00722	0.02746
LRU- AC323 (53AL0) STANDING WAVE RATIO INDICATOR											
W	0.00104	0.00104	0.00728	0.00260						0.03068	0.04264
K	0.	0.	0.	0.						0.	0.
N	0.00104	0.00104	0.00728	0.00260						0.00364	0.01560
SUB	0.00208	0.00208	0.01456	0.00520						0.03432	0.05824
CND	0.02600				0.10400					0.13000	
M	0.02262	0.02262				0.12441	0.05655			0.22620	
TOT/TSK	0.20006	0.17406	1.06008	0.37860	0.10400	0.12441	0.05655	3.51619	5.61395		

Figure 21. Sample option 01 report

MTTR AS % OF TOTAL				UHF RADIO SET				MFHBM = 62.9			
SUBSYSTEM- AC320		(63AA0)		R+R	CND	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT		
AGE	F/L	TS F/L		VR+R	CND	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT		
W	2.419	2.419	16.933	6.047					60.474	88.293	
K	0.105	0.105	0.736	0.263					0.736	1.944	
N	0.105	0.105	0.736	0.263					0.683	1.892	
SUB	2.629	2.629	18.404	6.573					61.893	92.129	
LRU- AC322 (63AE0) DIPLEXER											
W	0.028	0.028	0.197	0.070					0.113	0.436	
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0.	0.	
N	0.003	0.003	0.022	0.008					0.016	0.053	
SUB	0.031	0.031	0.219	0.078					0.129	0.489	
LRU- AC323 (63AL0) STANDING WAVE RATIO INDICATOR											
W	0.019	0.019	0.130	0.046					0.546	0.760	
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0.	0.	
N	0.019	0.019	0.130	0.046					0.065	0.278	
SUB	0.037	0.037	0.259	0.093					0.611	1.037	
CND	0.463			1.853					2.316		
M	0.403	0.403			2.216	1.007			4.029		
TOT/TSK	3.564	3.100	18.883	6.744	1.853	2.216	1.007		62.633	100.000	

Figure 22. Sample option 02 report

MMH BY TASK PER LRU		UHF RADIO SET								MMH8MA = 62.9	
SUBSYSTEM- AC320 (63AA0)		AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VN A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT	
		-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
LRU- AC321 (63AA0)	RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER (UHF)										
W	0.27160	0.13580	0.95060	0.33950					6.79000	8.48750	
K	0.01180	0.00590	0.04130	0.01475					0.04130	0.11505	
N	0.01180	0.00590	0.04130	0.01475					0.03835	0.11210	
SUB	0.29520	0.14760	1.03320	0.36900					6.86965	8.71465	
LRU- AC322 (63AE0)	DIPLEXER										
W	0.00316	0.00158	0.01106	0.00395					0.00632	0.02607	
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0.	0.	
N	0.00036	0.00018	0.00126	0.00045					0.00090	0.00315	
SUB	0.00352	0.00176	0.01232	0.00440					0.00722	0.02922	
LRU- AC323 (63AL0)	STANDING WAVE RATIO INDICATOR										
W	0.00208	0.00104	0.00728	0.00260					0.03068	0.04368	
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0.	0.	
N	0.00208	0.00104	0.00728	0.00260					0.00364	0.01664	
SUB	0.00416	0.00208	0.01456	0.00520					0.03432	0.06032	
CND	0.05200				0.20800				0.26000		
N	0.04524	0.02262				0.24882	0.05655		0.37323		
TOT/TSK	0.40012	0.17406	1.06008	0.37860	0.20800	0.24882	0.05655	6.91119	9.43742		

Figure 23. Sample option 03 report

MMH AS % OF TOTAL

SUBSYSTEM- AC320 (63A00) UHF RADIO SET

	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
U	2.878	1.439	10.073	3.597					71.948
K	0.125	0.063	0.438	0.156					89.935
N	0.125	0.063	0.438	0.156					0.438
SUB	3.128	1.564	10.948	3.910					1.219
									0.406
									1.188
									- - - - -

LRU- AC321 (63AA0) RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER (UHF)

	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
U	2.878	1.439	10.073	3.597					71.948
K	0.125	0.063	0.438	0.156					89.935
N	0.125	0.063	0.438	0.156					0.438
SUB	3.128	1.564	10.948	3.910					1.219
									0.406
									1.188
									- - - - -

LRU- AC322 (63AE0) DIPLEXER

	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
U	0.033	0.017	0.117	0.042					0.067
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0.276
N	0.004	0.002	0.013	0.005					0.
SUB	0.037	0.019	0.131	0.047					0.010
									0.033
									- - - - -

LRU- AC323 (63AL0) STANDING WAVE RATIO INDICATOR

	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
U	0.022	0.011	0.077	0.028					0.325
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0.463
N	0.022	0.011	0.077	0.028					0.
SUB	0.044	0.022	0.154	0.055					0.039
									0.176
									- - - - -

	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
CND	0.551								2.755
M	0.479	0.240							3.955
TOT/TSK	4.240	1.844	11.233	4.012					- - - - -
									73.232
									100.000

Figure 24. Sample option 04 report

MWH PER 1000 FH

SUBSYSTEM- AC320 (63A00) UHF RADIO SET

	AGE	F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VW A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LRU- AC321 (63AA0) RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER (UHF)

W	4.318	2.159	15.113	5.397					107.949	134.936
K	0.188	0.094	0.657	0.234					0.657	1.829
N	0.188	0.094	0.657	0.234					0.610	1.782
SUB	4.693	2.347	16.426	5.866					109.215	138.548

LRU- AC322 (63AE0) DIPLEXER

W	0.050	0.025	0.176	0.063					0.100	0.414
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0.	0.
N	0.006	0.003	0.020	0.007					0.014	0.050
SUB	0.056	0.028	0.196	0.070					0.115	0.465

LRU- AC323 (63AL0) STANDING WAVE RATIO INDICATOR

W	0.033	0.017	0.116	0.041					0.488	0.694
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0.	0.
N	0.033	0.017	0.116	0.041					0.058	0.265
SUB	0.066	0.033	0.231	0.083					0.546	0.959

CND	0.827		3.307		3.956		0.899		4.134	
M	0.719	0.360							5.934	
TOT/TSK	6.361	2.767	16.853	6.019	3.307	3.956	0.899	109.876	150.038	

Figure 25. Sample option 05 report

MAINT. INDEX X 1000

SUBSYSTEM- AC320 (63A00) UHF RADIO SET

AGE	F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
-----	-----	--------	-----	------	---------	-------	--------	------	---------

LRU- AC321 (63AA0) RECEIVER/TRANSMITTER (UHF)

W	2.1590	2.1590	15.1129	5.3975					53.9746 78.8029
K	0.0938	0.0938	0.6566	0.2345					0.6566 1.7353
N	0.0938	0.0938	0.6566	0.2345					0.6097 1.6884
SUB	2.3466	2.3466	16.4261	5.8665					55.2409 82.2265

LRU- AC322 (63AE0) DIPLEXER

W	0.0251	0.0251	0.1758	0.0628					0.1005 0.3893
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0. 0.
N	0.0029	0.0029	0.0200	0.0072					0.0143 0.0472
SUB	0.0280	0.0280	0.1959	0.0700					0.1148 0.4366

LRU- AC323 (63AL0) STANDING WAVE RATIO INDICATOR

W	0.0165	0.0165	0.1157	0.0413					0.4878 0.6779
K	0.	0.	0.	0.					0. 0.
N	0.0165	0.0165	0.1157	0.0413					0.0579 0.2480
SUB	0.0331	0.0331	0.2315	0.0827					0.5456 0.9259

CND	0.4134				1.6534				2.0668
M	0.3596	0.3596				1.9779	0.8990		3.5962
TOT/TSK	3.1806	2.7672	16.8534	6.0191		1.6534	1.9779	0.8990	55.9013 89.2520

Figure 26. Sample option 06 report

MTTR OVER SUBSYSTEMS AC3

	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
TOT/TSK	0.6001	1.5441	2.1311	0.5709	0.4140	1.4302	0.4173	5.1344	12.2419

Figure 27. Sample option 07 report

MTTR X OF TOTAL PER AC3

	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
TOT/TSK	4.902	12.613	17.408	4.663	3.382	11.683	3.408	41.941	100.000

Figure 28. Sample option 08 report

MMH OVER SUBSYSTEMS AC3

	AGE	F/L	TS	F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND	A/C	M	A/C	VM	A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
TOT/TSK	1.2001	1.5441	2.1311	0.7632	0.5880	1.9452	0.7780	9.4684	18.4180					

Figure 29. Sample option 09 report

MMH % OF TOTAL PER AC3

	AGE	F/L	TS	F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND	A/C	M	A/C	VM	A/C	SHOP	TOT/OUT
TOT/TSK	6.516	8.383	11.571	4.144	3.193	10.562	4.224	51.408	100.000					

Figure 30. Sample option 10 report

MMH PER 1000 FH PER AC3								
	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP TOT/OUT
TOT/TSK	0.07183	0.09242	0.12755	0.04568	0.03519	0.11643	0.04656	0.56671 1.10237

Figure 31. Sample option 11 report

MAINT IND X 1000 PER AC3								
	AGE F/L	TS F/L	R+R	VR+R	CND A/C	M A/C	VM A/C	SHOP TOT/OUT
TOT/TSK	0.03592	0.09242	0.12755	0.03417	0.02478	0.08560	0.02497	0.30731 0.73272

Figure 32. Sample option 12 report

Appendix A. DESCRIPTION OF INPUT DATA ELEMENTS

Appendix A. DESCRIPTION OF INPUT DATA ELEMENTS

KEY FIELDS - Columns 1-11 are used as the key fields, and therefore, the format is common to all the card types.

Columns Identifier - Definition

1-2	<u>Card Type</u> - (1) indicates the type of data to be found on the record, and (2) indicates whether they reflect flight line, shop, or reference data CR - cross reference LF - AFSC with skill level - F/L LS - AFSC with skill level - shop MF - reliability mean values - F/L PF - P probability - F/L PS - P probability - shop SF - support equipment - F/L SS - support equipment - shop TF - task time - F/L TS - task time - shop
4-10	<u>Equipment Identification (ID) Number</u> - defines the equipment in a series of codes showing as follows: (4) type of weapon system; (5) major system within the weapon system; (6) functional grouping of the major system; and (7-10) a numerical breakdown by operational function (e.g., radar navigation, radio navigation, or bombing navigation), subsystem, line replaceable unit, and shop replaceable unit. These codes are determined by the user since they are configuration dependent. The codes used in the DAIS data banks are listed in Appendix A to volume one of this report. Example of data card encoding format used in DAIS R&M model for equipment specifications: Column 4 - weapon system none assigned in DAIS data banks Column 5 - major system A - avionics Column 6 - functional group A - air-ground-attack C - communications I - instruments M - miscellaneous N - navigation Z - core

Columns Identifier - Definition

Column 7 - operational function
 Column 8 - subsystem
 Column 9 - line replaceable unit
 Column 10 - shop replaceable unit
 none assigned in DAIS data banks

11-12 Card Sequence - the sequential number of each record for a particular subsystem or line replaceable unit within a particular card type.

FLIGHT LINE TASKS - Common to LF, PF, SF, and TF card types.

<u>Columns</u>	(Task Code)	<u>Task Name</u> - Definition
1-12		See key fields
14-18	(A)	<u>Set up the support equipment and maintenance stands</u> - that will be used by the technician to provide the power and the accessibility necessary to troubleshoot and repair the equipment that has failed.
20-24	(T)	<u>Troubleshoot</u> - the reported discrepancy to isolate the cause and to determine whether the repair action is to be a remove and replace or the repair can be accomplished on the aircraft.
26-30	(C)	<u>Cannot Duplicate</u> - a troubleshooting action that cannot duplicate (CND) the reported discrepancy.
32-36	(R)	<u>Remove & Replace</u> - once the discrepancy has been isolated to a particular LRU and a determination has been made that the repair is to be made in the shop, the faulty unit is removed and replaced by a spare.
38-42	(M)	<u>On A/C Maintenance</u> - if the discrepancy is minor and does not need shop repair, the equipment is maintained on the aircraft (A/C). This includes, as examples, adjustments, replacement of bulbs, knobs, fuses, and aircraft wiring problems.

<u>Columns</u>	<u>(Task Code)</u>	<u>Task Name - Definition</u>
44-48	(VR)	<u>R&R Verification</u> - after the removal and replacement of the faulty LRU is completed, a functional check is performed to verify the operational condition of the subsystem.
50-54	(VM)	<u>On A/C Maintenance Verification</u> - upon completion of any on aircraft maintenance, a functional check is performed to verify the repair and operational condition of the subsystem.
SHOP TASKS - Common to LS, SS, PS, and TS card types.		
1-12		See key fields
20-24	(W)	<u>Bench Check & Repair</u> - in-shop bench check and complete repair of a bad LRU, including cleaning, inspection, disassembly, adjustment, part replacement, reassembly, and lubrication of the complete LRU and any minor components.
26-30	(K)	<u>Bench Check & CND</u> - in-shop bench check is performed, any discrepancy cannot be duplicated in the testing, the LRU is serviceable, and no repair is required.
32-36	(N)	<u>Bench Check & NRTS</u> - in-shop bench check or inspection shows that the LRU is not repairable this station (NRTS) because the shop is not authorized to accomplish the repair or the shop lacks the proper tools, equipment, facilities, technical skills, spare parts, time, or technical data to perform repair.
50-54	(TD)	<u>Test Drawer Repair</u> - in-shop repair of the test station drawer (or combination of test equipment) that is needed to test the LRU being checked.
56-60	(TS)	<u>Test Station Repair</u> - in-shop repair of the entire test station that is needed to test the LRU being checked.

CROSS REFERENCE FILE - Card #1

<u>Columns</u>	<u>Identifier</u> - Definition
1-9	See key field
11-12	Card sequence always - 1
14-18	<u>Weight</u> - in pounds of the LRU.
20-24	<u>(WUC)</u> work unit code used to identify each subsystem and LRU in the aircraft system (found on cards #1 and 2).
26-27	<u>(QPA)</u> the quantity per aircraft of a particular subsystem or LRU in the aircraft system (found on cards #1 and 2).
29-67	<u>Equipment name or description</u> of the operational function assigned to a subsystem or LRU.
75-76	The number of LRUs in the subsystem for which input data has been provided, and the number of SRUs per LRU on LRU input cards. Input data are provided for those LRUs requiring a significant amount of unscheduled maintenance.

CROSS REFERENCE FILE - Card #2

1-9	See key field
11-12	Card sequence always - 2
20-24	<u>(WUC)</u> - work unit code used to identify each subsystem and LRU in the aircraft system
26-48	<u>(NSN)</u> - national stock number assigned to the LRU
50-59	<u>AN</u> /nomenclature of the particular subsystem or LRU described on card #1
65-80	<u>Manufacturer's Stock Number</u> - when available

RELIABILITY MEAN VALUES - Flight Line

1-12	See key field
14-19	<u>Mean flight hours between maintenance actions</u> - <u>(MFHBMAj)</u> shows the frequency of unscheduled maintenance activities required by a subsystem (j).

Columns

21-26

Identifier - Definition

H factor - is the ratio of the number of LRUs tested in the shop to the number of flight line removal actions; only the value greater than unity of the ratio is input whereby the model automatically adds the integer "1" to the given value. The resultant portion that is greater than one accounts for any multiple LRU removals resulting from single flight line repair actions (i.e., two or more LRUs removed for one reported aircraft maintenance action). This factor is used as a multiplier of the shop probability of occurrences to obtain the actual number of shop maintenance actions emanating from flight line removal(s).

Appendix B. ERROR MESSAGES

Appendix B. ERROR MESSAGES

The following is a list of input error messages which are printed by the R&M model. The messages are described and the attributable cause or causes are listed.

Invalid Option

The user has selected an option outside the range of 1 to 13. The option number might not be punched properly in column 9 and 10.

Current Max Subsystems at 40

User has exceeded the program's present capacity for subsystem data input. The first card in front of the base data files contains the number of subsystems to be described. The maximum allowed is 40. The number punched in columns 1 and 2 does not fall within this range.

Preceding Subsystem Card Sequence Error

The subsystem listed just prior to this message has an error in the card sequence number, or the card type identification is invalid. The sequence number should be one in column 12 and the card type should be CR in columns 1 and 2.

Card where _____ Card Belongs

This message appears whenever the program reads a card other than the type it expected to read. It specifies in the blanks the two card types involved. Either a card(s) is misplaced in the base data files, or one or more errors were made in punching the identification type(s), or when a card is missing.

Card Sequence Error

Some card types may allow for more than one card per equipment. In these cases, the second card must have a '2' punched in the "card sequence" field in column 12. In all cases, the first or only card for an equipment must have a '1' in this field. This error indicates a card sequencing problem that could be caused by an omission of a card 1, a mispunch in columns 1-11, or a card out of sequence.

Subsystem Equip ID Invalid

The CR cards designate the subsystem identification which consists of seven characters (columns 4-10) describing the equipment. All other card types refer to the identification as first listed in the CR card. This message declares that the subsystem identification on the card last printed did not match any which were previously entered on CR cards.

Current Max SEs Set at _____

Though the model is designed to accept several support equipments for each task, currently the maximum is set at three for the SF cards and at two for the SS cards. The user must discard the remaining support equipments for this task or the computer program must be modified to accept a higher limit.

Current Max AFSCs Set at _____

Though the model is designed to accept several AFSCs for each task, currently the maximum is set at five. The user must discard the remaining AFSCs for this task or modify the computer program to accept a higher limit.

Invalid Equipment ID

For the subsystems (equipment) with more than one card for any card type, the equipment ID on successive cards within that set must match that of the first. This message points out a violation on the preceding card.

LRU Equipment ID Invalid

Each LRU is identified by a unique seven-character designation which must be initially inputted to the program on a CR card. Any other input card type pertaining to that LRU must contain this same identification. This message indicates that either: (1) the last printed LRU card contained an identification for which the program has no previous CR card record; or (2) a mismatch exists.

Appendix C. ACRONYMS

Appendix C - ACRONYMS

A	inherent availability
AC	avionics communication subsystems
A/C	aircraft
AFSC	Air Force specialty code
AN	avionics navigation subsystems
CDC	Control Data Corporation
CND	cannot duplicate the discrepancy
CR	cross reference file
DAIS	digital avionics information system
FH	flight hours
F/L	flight line
FOM	figure of merit
ID	identification number of a subsystem on an LRU
KFH	1000 flight hours
LCC	life cycle cost
LCCIM	life cycle cost impact model
LF	manpower specialty - flight line file
LRU	line replaceable unit
LS	manpower specialty - shop file
MF	reliability mean values - flight line file
MFHBMA	mean flight hours between maintenance actions
MMH	maintenance man hours
MTTR	mean time to repair
NRTS	not repairable this station
NSN	national stock number
PF	P probability - flight line file
PMA	probability of a maintenance action
PS	P probability - shop file
QPA	quantity per aircraft
R&M	reliability and maintainability
R&R	remove and replace maintenance action
RTOK	retest okay
SE	support equipment
SF	support equipment - flight line file
SRU	shop replaceable unit
SS	support equipment - shop file
TF	task time - flight line file
TS	task time - shop file
WUC	work unit code

Appendix D

DAIS RELIABILITY AND MAINTAINABILITY MODEL
(File Name RANDM)

Listing of Control Data Corporation CDC-6600, Cyber 74 Version

1 PROGRAM RM2(INPUT,TAPE5=INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE6=OUTPUT,
2 * TAPE4,TAPE8)

C MAIN ROUTINE OF THE R&M MODEL.
C

DIMENSION TITLE(5,13),WANT(100),ROW(13),T(4),NUM(4)
DIMENSION ARRAY(6),RATE(50),ARATE(6),AF(50),JSFLAG(7)

C FOLLOWING IS DATA ASSOCIATED WITH SUBSYSTEMS. TO ALLOW FOR MORE, CHANGE
C EACH 40 IN THE RIGHT SUBSCRIPT OF THE FOLLOWING SUBSYSTEM ATTRIBUTES
C TO THE DESIRED MAXIMUM. TO ALLOW FOR MORE AFSC'S PER SUBSYSTEM
C TASK, CHANGE EACH 3 IN THE LEFTMOST SUBSCRIPT TO THE DESIRED NUMBER.
C ALSO CHANGE THESE COMMENTS TO REFLECT THE NEW VALUES.

C
15 * DIMENSION NUML(40),KLRU(40),TSFL(7,40),PSM(7,40),HFAC(-),
* NSAFSC(7,40),FHBMA(40),JNAC(40),NSFSE(7,40),AVAIL(40)
* DIMENSION SWUC(40),SFSE(2,7,40),SFIFSC(5,7,40)
* DIMENSION SNAME(5,40)
* DIMENSION SEQID(40)
* COMMON/SUBS/SNAME,TSFL,PSM,SWUC,SFSE,
* SFAFSC,NSAFSC,NSFSE,FHBMA,JNAC,HFAC

C FOLLOWING IS DATA ASSOCIATED WITH LRU'S. IN A MANNER SIMILAR
C TO THE ABOVE FOR SUBSYSTEMS, TO ALLOW FOR MORE, CHANGE EACH 120 TO THE
C DESIRED NUMBER. TO ALLOW FOR MORE AFSC'S PER TASK, CHANGE EACH 3
C IN THE LEFTMOST SUBSCRIPT TO THE DESIRED NUMBER. CHANGE BOTH THE 20
C AND THE 3 IN THESE COMMENTS.

C
20
25
30
35
* DIMENSION LDRAW(120),LNAC(120),TLSHOP(5,120),NLAFSC(5,120)
* DIMENSION PLRR(5,120),NLSE(5,120)
* REAL LSAFSC,LSE
* DIMENSION LWUC(120),LSAFSC(5,5,120),LSE(2,5,120)
* DIMENSION LNAME(5,120)
* REAL LEQID
* DIMENSION LEQID(120)

70

```
* 4HMMH , 4HREQU , 4HIRIN , 4HG MP , 4HSC- /
```

```
C READ IN AFSC AND SET OUTPUTS DESIRED.
```

75

```
READ(5,1) NWANT
```

```
FORMAT(13)
```

```
IF (NWANT.EQ.0) GO TO 9
```

```
I=0
```

```
READ(5,3) ROW
```

```
FORMAT(13(A5,1X))
```

```
J=0
```

```
J=J+1
```

```
IF .(J.GT.13) GO TO 2
```

```
IF (ROW(J).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 4
```

```
I=I+1
```

```
WANT(I)=ROW(J)
```

```
IF (I.LT.NWANT) GO TO 4
```

```
C FIRST READ IN THE BASE FILE DATA.
```

```
9 CALL READ
```

80

```
C NEXT CALCULATE THE MTTR FOR THE SHOP ACTIVITIES (BACK THRU FLIGHTLINE)
```

```
C FOR EACH LRU.
```

```
C FIRST SET SUBSYSTEM FLIGHTLINE TASK TIMES AND # OF AFSCS.
```

85

```
DO 50 JSUB=1,NSUB
```

```
T(1)=TSFL(1,JSUB)
```

```
T(2)=TSFL(2,JSUB)
```

```
T(3)=TSFL(4,JSUB)
```

```
T(4)=TSFL(6,JSUB)
```

```
NUM(1) = NSAFSC(1,JSUB)
```

```
NUM(2) = NSAFSC(2,JSUB)
```

```
NUM(3) = NSAFSC(4,JSUB)
```

```
NUM(4) = NSAFSC(6,JSUB)
```

95

```
C NOW FILL IN THE SPECIAL FLIGHTLINE ARRAY.
```

100

```

TTR(7,JSUB)=PSM(3,JSUB) * TSFL(1,JSUB)
TTR(10,JSUB)=PSM(3,JSUB) * TSFL(3,JSUB)
P=PSM(5,JSUB)
TTR(8,JSUB)=P*TSFL(1,JSUB)
TTR(9,JSUB)=P*TSFL(2,JSUB)
TTR(11,JSUB)=P*TSFL(5,JSUB)
TTR(12,JSUB)=P*TSFL(7,JSUB)

105   C FILL IN MMH TABLE BASED ON # AFSCS REQUIRED.
      EMMH(7,JSUB) = TTR(7,JSUB) * NSAFSC(1,JSUB)
      EMMH(10,JSUB) = TTR(10,JSUB) * NSAFSC(3,JSUB)
      EMMH(8,JSUB) = TTR(8,JSUB) * NSAFSC(1,JSUB)
      EMMH(9,JSUB) = TTR(9,JSUB) * NSAFSC(2,JSUB)
      EMMH(11,JSUB) = TTR(11,JSUB) * NSAFSC(5,JSUB)
      EMMH(12,JSUB) = TTR(12,JSUB) * NSAFSC(7,JSUB)

110   C NOW FIND THE STARTING LRU FOR THIS SUBSYSTEM AND THE NUMBER OF LRUS.
      JLRU=KLRU(JSUB)
      NR=NUML(JSUB)

120   C NOW FOR EACH LRU IN THIS SUBSYSTEM, LOOP THROUGH
      DO 40 K=1,NR
      C NOW LOOP THROUGH EACH SHOP TASK, PICKING OUT THE LRU PROBABILITY.
      DO 30 M=1,3
      P=PLRR(M,JLRU)
      30   C NOW FOR EACH FLIGHTLINE TASK, COMPUTE THE MTTR AND MMH.
      DO 20 N=1,4
      TTRL(N,M,JLRU) = T(N) * P
      EMMH(N,M,JLRU) = TTRL(N,M,JLRU) * NUM(N)
      20   CONTINUE
      C COMPUTE MTTR FOR SHOP TASK.
      TTRL(5,M,JLRU) = TLSHOP(M,JLRU) * P * HFAC(JSUB)

125
130
135

```



```

IF(ARRAY(J).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 65
I=I+1
AF(I)=ARRAY(J)
RATE(I)=ARATE(J)
IF (RATE(I).EQ.0.0) RATE(I)=1.0
IF (I.LT.NAF) GO TO 65

C NOW READ AND PRINT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT RESULTS
C CALL SEDUMP TIRL,TIR,NWANT,WANT

C LOOP THROUGH EACH AFSC OF INTEREST COPYING MTTR ARRAY FOR TASKS FOR
C WHICH THIS AFSC IS REQUIRED.
DO 152 N=1,NAF
AFSC=AF(N)
RAT=RATE(N)
TOTM=0.0
TOTC=0.0
LPR=0
DO 66 LL=1,NWANT
IF (WANT(LL).EQ.AFSC.OR.WANT(LL).EQ.ALLMP) GO TO 67
CONTINUE
GO TO 691
WRITE(6,68) AFSC,RAT,LABEL
LPR=1
FORMAT(6HIMPSC-,A5,2X1H$,F5.2,10X8A10/6X5H-----//,
* 14X2OHMMHKFH COST/KFH/14X7H-----,5X8H-----/`)

69 FORMAT(1XA5)

C LOOP THROUGH SUBSYSTEMS.
691 DO 150 JSUB=1,NSUB
TOTSM=0.0
TOTSC=0.0
JLRU=KRU(JSUB)
NR=NUML(JSUB)

200
205

```

```

FAC=1000./FHBM(A(JSUB))

C SET UP 7 FLAGS DETERMINING WHICH OF THE 7 FLIGHTLINE TASKS
C FOR THIS SUBSYSTEM REQUIRE THIS AFSC.
210   DO 80  JJ=1,7
      JSFLAG(JJ)=0

C CHECK FOR MATCH ACROSS ALL AFSCS REQUIRED FOR THIS TASK.
      NJJS=NSAFSC(JJ,JSUB)
      DO 70  KK=1,NJJS
      IF (AFSC.NE.SAFSC(KK,JJ,JSUB)) GO TO 70
      C SET THE FLAG SHOWING THIS AFSC IS REQUIRED FOR THIS TASK.
      JSFLAG(JJ)= JSFLAG(JJ)+1
      70  CONTINUE
      80  CONTINUE

C SUBSYSTEM FLAGS ARE NOW SET UP. COPY MTTR WHERE APPLICABLE.
      SC(1)=TTR(7,JSUB)*JSFLAG(1)
      SC(1)=SC(1) + TTR(8,JSUB)*JSFLAG(1)
      SC(2)=TTR(9,JSUB)*JSFLAG(2)
      SC(5)=TTR(10,JSUB)*JSFLAG(3)
      SC(6)=TTR(11,JSUB)*JSFLAG(5)
      SC(7)=TTR(12,JSUB)*JSFLAG(7)
      SC(3)=0.0
      SC(4)=0.0
      SC(8)=0.0
      SC(9)=0.0

C LOOP THROUGH LRUS
      225   DO 130  K=1,NR
              SCL=0.0
              DO 110  M=1,3
              C SEE IF EITHER THE W,K, OR N TASKS NEED THIS AFSC. IF SO, COPY
              230
              235

```

240 C THE MTTR ENTRY.
 NLMJ=NLAFFSC(M,JLRU)
 DO 100 KK=1,NLMJ
 IF (AFFSC.NE.LSAFFSC(KK,M,JLRU)) GO TO 100
 SCL=SCL+TTRL(5,M,JLRU)
 SC(8)=TTRL(5,M,JLRU)+SC(8)
 100 CONTINUE
 C NOW FOR THE FOUR FLIGHLINE PORTIONS,
 SC(1)=SC(1)+TTRL(1,M,JLRU) * JSFLAG(1)
 SC(2)=SC(2)+TTRL(2,M,JLRU) * JSFLAG(2)
 SC(3)=SC(3)+TTRL(3,M,JLRU) * JSFLAG(3)
 SC(4)=SC(4)+TTRL(4,M,JLRU) * JSFLAG(4)
 SCL=SCL*FAC
 SCC=SCL*RAT
 TOTSM=TOTSM+SCL
 TOTSC=TOTSC+SCC
 IF (SCL.GT.0.0.AND.LPR.EQ.1) WRITE(6,120) LEQID(JLRU),SCL,SCC
 120 FORMAT(1XA7,2F13.5)
 130 JLRU=JLRU+1
 DO 145 J=1,8
 SC(J)=SC(J)*FAC
 145 SC(9)=SC(9)+SC(J)
 C IF (SC(9).EQ.0.0) GO TO 150
 SCC=SC(9)*RAT
 TOTSM=SC(9)-TOTSM
 TOTSC=SCC-TOTSC
 IF(LPR.EQ.1)WRITE(6,149) TOTSM,TOTSC,SEQID(JSUB),SC(9),SCC
 149 FORMAT(4X2HFL,2X2F13.5/8X2(6X7H-----)/1XA7,2F13.5//)
 TOTM=TOTM+SC(9)
 TOTC=TOTC+SCC
 150 CONTINUE
 151 FORMAT(1XF10.4)

```

275      C NOW PRINT AFSC TOTALS
          152     IF(LPR.EQ.1) WRITE(6,153) TOTM,TOTC
          153     FORMAT(8X2(6X7H-----)/1X5HTOTAL,2X2F13.5)
          C
          C CALCULATE AND PRINT AVAILABILITIES
          154     DO 155 JSUB=1,NSUB
          155     AVAIL(JSUB)=1.0/(1.0+TTR(21,JSUB)/FHBM(JSUB))
          CALL AOUT(AVAIL,SEQID,NSUB)

          C READ OUTPUT REQUESTS
          160     READ(5,170) EQ,JOPT
          161     IF (EOF(5).NE.0) GO TO 999
          170     FORMAT(A7,1X12)
          171     IF (JOPT.GT.0) GO TO 185
          175     WRITE(6,180) EQ,JOPT
          180     FORMAT(1H1,A7,I3,2X15HINVALID OPTION.)
          GO TO 160

          C LOOP THROUGH SUBSYSTEMS FOR FIRST 5 OPTIONS.
          185     DO 187 J=1,21
          187     TOT(J)=0.0
          188     TOTAL=0.0
          189     IF (JOPT.GT.12) GO TO 470
          190     DO 400 J=1,NSUB
          JSUB=J
          IF (JOPT.GT.6) GO TO 250
          IF (EQ.NE.BLANK.AND.EQ.NE.SEQID(JSUB)) GO TO 400
          GO TO (190,200,210,220,230,240),JOPT

          C
          190     CALL DUMP(TITLE,BLANK,JSUB,1.0,
          *           TTR(1,JSUB),TRL(1,1,1))
          GO TO 400

```

```

C
C   200  CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,2),BLANK,JSUB,
*    100./TTR(15,JSUB),TTR(1,JSUB),TTRL(1,1,1))
      GO TO 400
210  CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,3),BLANK,JSUB,1,0,
*    EMMH(1,JSUB),EMMHL(1,1,1))
      GO TO 400
C
C   220  CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,4),BLANK,JSUB,
*    100./EMMH(15,JSUB),EMMH(1,JSUB),EMMHL(1,1,1))
      GO TO 400
C
C   230  CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,5),BLANK,JSUB,
*    1000./FHBMA(JSUB),EMMH(1,JSUB),EMMHL(1,1,1))
      GO TO 400
C
C   240  CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,6),BLANK,JSUB,1000./FHBMA(JSUB),
*    TTR(1,JSUB),TTRL(1,1,1))
      GO TO 400
C
C TOTAL UP APPROPRIATE SUBSYSTEMS
250  CALL EQUALS(EQ,SEQID(JSUB),IN)
      IF (IN.EQ.0) GO TO 400
      IF (JOPT.GE.9.AND.JOPT.LE.11) IN=2
335  DO 260 K=1,21
      IF (IN.EQ.1) TOT(K)=TOT(K)+TTR(K,JSUB)
      IF (IN.EQ.2) TOT(K)=TOT(K)+EMMH(K,JSUB)
      260 TOTFL=TOTFL+FHBMA(JSUB)
      400 CONTINUE
C

```

```

C DUMP OUT TOTALS ACROSS SUBSYSTEMS
IN=JOPT-6
IF (JOPT.LE.6.OR.JOPT.GE.13) GO TO 160
345   GO TO (410,420,430,440,450,460),IN
      CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,7),EQ,0,1.0,TOT,DUMMY)
      GO TO 160
      CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,8),EQ,0,100./TOT(15),TOT,DUMMY)
      GO TO 160
      CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,9),EQ,0,1.0,TOT,DUMMY)
      GO TO 160
      CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,10),EQ,0,100./TOT(15),TOT,DUMMY)
      GO TO 160
      CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,11),EQ,0,1000./TOTFL,TOT,DUMMY)
      GO TO 160
      CALL DUMP(TITLE(1,12),EQ,0,1000./TOTFL,TOT,DUMMY)
      GO TO 160

C PRINT MMTR, MMH ARRAY TOTALS
350   C
      IF (JOPT.GT.13) GO TO 175
      CALL DUMP2(1,TTR(1,1))
      CALL DUMP2(2,EMMH(1,1))
      GO TO 160

C
355   C
      999  WRITE(6,1000)
      1000 FORMAT(20H1NORMAL TERMINATION.)
      C
      STOP
      END

365   C
      999  WRITE(6,1000)
      1000 FORMAT(20H1NORMAL TERMINATION.)
      C
      STOP
      END

370   C
      SYMBOLIC REFERENCE MAP (R=1)

```

SYMBOLIC REFERENCE MAP (R=1)

ENTRY	POINTS	VARIABLES	SN	TYPE	RELOCATION	
10270	RM2			REAL		AFSC
		12252 AF	12244	REAL		ARATE
		11406 ALLMP	12401	REAL		AVAIL
		12154 ARRAY	11661	REAL		DUMMY
		1405 BLANK	23371	REAL		EMMHL
		14161 EMMH	11646	REAL		FAC
		11655 EQ	6510	REAL		HFACT
		6370 FHBMA		ARRAY		ARRAY
		11624 I	11660	IN		INTEGER
		11625 J	11647	JJ		INTEGER
		11630 JLRU	6440	JNAC		INTEGER
		11656 JOPT	12334	JSFLAG		INTEGER
		11626 JSUB	11632	K		INTEGER
		11651 KK	2	KLRU		INTEGER
		0 LABEL	16230	LDRAW		INTEGER
50		LEQID	11643	LL		INTEGER
16420		LNAC	0	LNAME		INTEGER
11642		LPR	3600	LSAFC		REAL
11470		LSE	3410	LWUC		REAL
VARIABLES	SN	TYPE	RELOCATION			
	11633 M	INTEGER	11634	N		INTEGER
	11635 NAF	INTEGER	11407	NBASIC		INTEGER
	11650 NJJS	INTEGER	13750	NLAFC		INTEGER
	11653 NLMJ	INTEGER	1	NLRU		INTEGER
	15100 NLSE	INTEGER	11631	NR		INTEGER
	5310 NSAFSC	ARRAY	5740	NSFSE		INTEGER
0	NSUB	ARRAY	12150	NUM		INTEGER
52	NUML	SIZES	11623	NWANT		INTEGER
11627 P	REAL	SIZES	2260	PLRR		REAL
740 PSM	ARRAY	SUBS	11637	RAT		REAL

12162	RATE	REAL	ARRAY		12127	ROW	REAL	
12443	SC	REAL	ARRAY		11654	SCC	REAL	
11652	SCL	REAL	ARRAY		0	SEQID	EQIDS	
2520	SFAFSC	REAL	ARRAY	SUBS	1440	SFSE	SUBS	
12144	SNAME	REAL	ARRAY	SUBS	1370	SWUC	SUBS	
1130	TLSHOP	T	REAL	ARRAY	11662	TITLE	REAL	
11641	TOTC	REAL	ARRAY	LRUS	12354	TOT	REAL	
11640	TOTM	REAL	ARRAY		11657	TOTFL	REAL	
11644	TOTS	REAL	ARRAY		11645	TOTFLC	REAL	
12451	TTR	REAL	ARRAY		310	TSFL	REAL	
11763	WANT	REAL	ARRAY		15671	TTRL	REAL	
FILE NAMES		MODE			4130	TAPE4	FMT	
0	INPUT	2054	OUTPUT					
2034	TAPE6	FMT	TAPE8					
EXTERNALS		TYPE	ARGS					
	ADDUP		2					
	DUMP		6					
	EOF		1					
	READ	REAL	0					
92	STATEMENT LABELS							
11415	1	FMT			10275	2	11424	3
10300	4				10310	9	0	20
11434	0	30			0	40	0	50
11467	60	FMT			11442	61	10444	62
	63	FMT			11472	64	10475	65
	0	66			10533	67	11503	68
11516	69	FMT	NO REFS		10566	70	0	80
10642	100				0	110	11526	120
0					0	145	11541	149
10736	150				155	151	11547	152

AD-A068 826

DYNAMICS RESEARCH CORP WILMINGTON MASS
DIGITAL AVIONICS INFORMATION SYSTEM (DAIS): RELIABILITY AND MAI--ETC(U)
APR 79 A J CZUCHRY, R H KISTLER, J M GLASIER F33615-75-C-5218

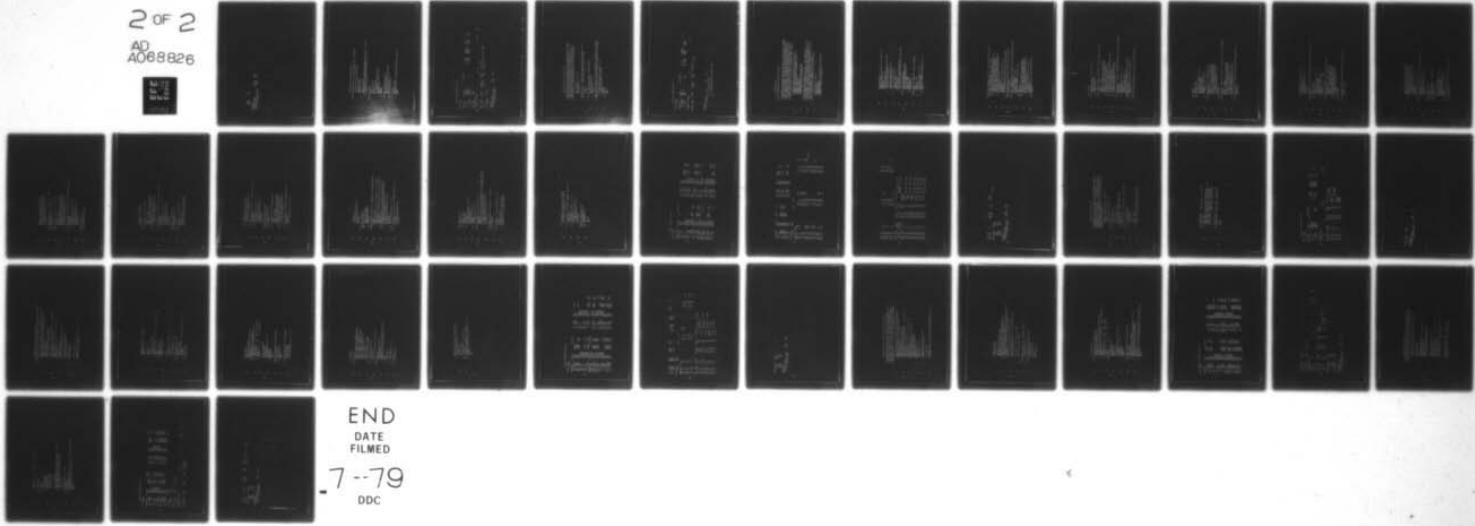
AFHRL-TR-78-2(II)

F/G 14/4

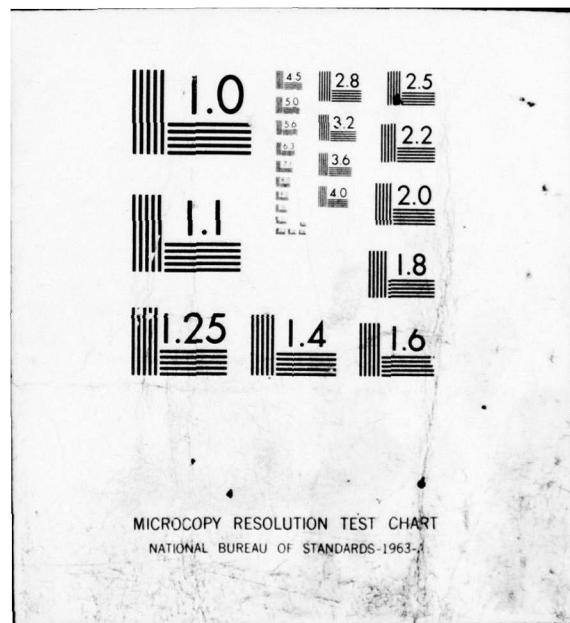
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2 OF 2
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END
DATE
FILED
7-79
DDC



SIZES 82
EQIDS 160
LBL 8

STATISTICS

PROGRAM LENGTH	8585
BUFFER LENGTH	20611B
CM LABELED	10260B
COMMON LENGTH	4272
52000B CM USED	25762B
	11250

```

1      SUBROUTINE AOUT(AVAIL,SEQID,NSUB)
C THIS ROUTINE PRINTS OUT THE AVAIL ARRAY SORTED INCREASING.
C
5      DIMENSION AVAIL(NSUB),SEQID(NSUB)
C
C      DIMENSION LABEL(8)
COMMON/LABL/LABEL
C
C      WRITE(6,10) LABEL
10     10 FORMAT(1H1,8A10//1X42HSUBSYSTEM INHERENT FLIGHTLINE AVAILABILITY/
* 10HOSUBSYSTEM,5X12HAVAILABILITY/1X9H-----,
* 5X12H-----/)
C
C      SORT AND PRINT
15     ATOT=1.0
      DO 50 J=1,NSUB
      WORST=2.0
      DO 30 K=1,NSUB
      IF (AVAIL(K).LT.0.0) GO TO 30
      IF (AVAIL(K).GT.WORST) GO TO 30
      WORST=AVAIL(K)
      JSUB=K
      30  CONTINUE
25     C JSUB NOW CONTAINS NEXT IN LIST
      ATOT=ATOT+AVAIL(JSUB)
      WRITE(6,40) SEQID(JSUB),AVAIL(JSUB)
      40  FORMAT(2XA7.5XF10.4)
      50  AVAIL(JSUB)=WORST
C
C      PRINT OVERALL
      95   WRITE(6,60) ATOT
      60  FORMAT(33HOSERVICE FLIGHTLINE AVAILABILITY-/14XF10.4)
      RETURN
END
35

```

SYMBOLIC REFERENCE MAP ($R=1$)

ENTRY POINTS											
3	AOUT										
VARIABLES	SN	TYPE	RELOCATION	0	AVAIL	REAL	ARRAY	F.P.	F.P.	F.P.	
121	ATOT	REAL		125	JSUB	INTEGER	ARRAY	LABEL	LABEL		
122	J	INTEGER		0	LABEL	INTEGER	ARRAY	ARRAY	ARRAY		
124	K	INTEGER		SEQID	REAL	REAL	REAL	REAL	REAL		
0	NSUB	INTEGER									
123	WORST	REAL									
FILE NAMES	MODE	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	
STATEMENT LABELS											
57	10										
0	50										
LOOPS	LABEL	INDEX	FROM-TO	LENGTH	PROPERTIES	EXT	REFS	NOT INNER	STACK	FORMAT	
22	50	*	17 30	27B							
27	30	K	19 24	5B	INSTACK						
COMMON BLOCKS	LENGTH	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	FORMAT	
LABL	8										
STATISTICS	PROGRAM LENGTH	140B	96	CW LABELED COMMON LENGTH	10B	8	52000B CM USED				

```

1      SUBROUTINE EQUALS (KEY, TEST, IN)
2
3      C THIS ROUTINE TESTS AN INPUT STRING (TEST) AGAINST A KEY STRING(KEY)
4      C TO FIND IF THE TEST WORD CONTAINS THE SAME CHARACTERS AS THE KEY
5      C WORD UP TO BUT NOT INCLUDING THE FIRST BLANK OF THE KEY
6      C STRING FOLLOWING THE FIRST NON-BLANK. FOR EXAMPLE, IF THE KEY
7      C STRING WAS "AC1" AND THE TEST STRING WAS "AC130", THIS ROUTINE
8      C WOULD RETURN A POSITIVE RESPONSE OF "1" IN "IN" INSTEAD OF "0".
9
10     REAL KEY, KEY1
11     DIMENSION KEY1(7), TEST1(7)
12     DATA BLANK/1H /
13
14     C INITIALIZE "IN". JSTART IS SET WHEN THE FIRST NON-BLANK OF THE
15     C KEY IS FOUND. A LATER BLANK DENOTES THE END OF THE KEY.
16     IN=0
17     JSTART=0
18
19     C PUT THE STRINGS INTO SINGLE CHARACTER ARRAYS.
20     DECODE(7,1,KEY1)
21     DECODE(7,1,TEST1)
22     1 FORMAT(7A1)
23
24     C LOOP THROUGH EACH OF THE SEVEN CHARACTERS. A MISMATCH IS A FAILURE.
25     C WHEN A BLANK IS FOUND IN THE KEY (AFTER A NON-BLANK), THE TEST PASSES.
26     DO 10 K=1,7
27       IF (KEY1(K).EQ.BLANK) IF(JSTART) 10,10,15
28       IF (KEY1(K).NE.TEST1(K)) RETURN
29     JSTART=1
30     10  CONTINUE
31     15  IN=1
32     RETURN
33   END

```

SYMBOLIC REFERENCE MAP (R=1)

ENTRY POINTS					
3 EQUALS					
VARIABLES	SN	TYPE	RELOCATION	0 IN	INTEGER
32 BLANK		REAL		51 K	INTEGER
50 JSTART		INTEGER		52 KEY1	REAL
0 KEY		REAL		61 TEST1	REAL
0 TEST		REAL			
STATEMENT LABELS					
45 1 FMT			25 10		
90 LOOPS INDEX	14 10 *	K	FROM-TO 26 30	PROPERTIES 143	EXITS

STATISTICS
PROGRAM LENGTH 520003 CM USED 703 56
1 C SUBROUTINE READ
C THIS ROUTINE READS IN THE BASE FILES.
C
5

1
C SUBROUTINE READ
C THIS ROUTINE READS IN THE BASE FILES.

5
C FOLLOWING IS DATA ASSOCIATED WITH SUBSYSTEMS. TO ALLOW FOR MORE CHANGE
C EACH 40 IN THE RIGHTMOST SUBSCRIPT OF THE FOLLOWING SUBSYSTEM ARRAYS
C TO THE DESIRED MAXIMUM. TO ALLOW FOR MORE AFSC'S PER SUBSYSTEM
C TASK, CHANGE THE FIRST 3 IN THE SFAFSC ARRAY TO THE DESIRED NUMBER.
10 C TO ALLOW FOR MORE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT PER SUBSYSTEM TASK, CHANGE THE
C 1 IN THE LEFTMOST SUBSCRIPT OF SFSE TO THE DESIRED VALUE. ALSO
C CHANGE THE 40,5, AND 1 IN THE FIRST CARD BELOW AND THESE COMMENTS.
C

15 * DIMENSION NUML(40),KLRLU(40),TSFL(7,40),PSM(7,40),
* NSAFSC(7,40),JNAC(40),FHBM(40),NSFSE(7,40),HFAC(40)
DIMENSION SWUC(40),SFSE(2,7,40),SFAFSC(5,7,40)
DIMENSION SNAME(5,40)

DIMENSION SEQID(40)
COMMON/SUBS/SNAME,TSFL,PSM,SWUC,SESE,
* SFAFSC,NSAFSC,NSFSE,FHBM,JNAC,HFAC

20 C FOLLOWING IS DATA ASSOCIATED WITH LRU'S. IN A MANNER SIMILAR
C TO THE ABOVE FOR SUBSYSTEMS, TO ALLOW FOR MORE, CHANGE EACH 120 TO THE
C DESIRED NUMBER. TO ALLOW FOR MORE AFSC'S PER TASK, CHANGE EACH 3
25 C IN THE LEFTMOST SUBSCRIPT OF LSAFSC TO THE DESIRED NUMBER. TO CHANGE
C MAX NUMBER OF SUPPORT EQUIPMENT PER TASK, CHANGE THE 1 IN LSE
C TO THE DESIRED NUMBER. CHANGE THE 120, THE 1 AND
C THE 3 IN THE FIRST CARD FOLLOWING AND IN THESE COMMENTS.
C

30 DIMENSION ARRAY(8),LABEL(8)
REAL LF,LS,MF
COMMON/LABL/LABEL
DIMENSION TLSHOP(5,120),NLAFSC(5,120),PLRR(5,120),
* LDRAW(120),NLSE(5,120),LNAC(120)

```

35      REAL LSAFSC,LSE
          DIMENSION LWUC(120),LSAFSC(5,5,120),LSE(2,5,120)
          DIMENSION LNAME(5,120)
          REAL LEQID
          DIMENSION LEQID(120)
          COMMON/LRUS/LNAME,TLSHOP,PLRR,LWUC,LSAFSC,
          *      LSE,NLAFSC,NLSE,LDRAN,LNAC
          C
          COMMON/SIZES/NSUB,NLRU,KLRU,NUML
          COMMON/EQIDS/SEQID,LEQID
          C
          DIMENSION TIMES(7),PEAS(7)
          *DIMENSION DATA(7)
          DATA BLANK/'5H
          /DATA CR,LF,LS,TS,TF,PF,PS,MF,SS
          DATA CR,SF,LF,LS,TS,TF,PF,PS,MF,SS
          * /2HCR,2HSF,2HLF,2HLS,2HTS,2HTF,2HPS,2HMF,2HSS/
          C READ TITLE CARD AND PRINT.
          DATA MAXRLU,MAXLA,MAXLE/120,5,2/
          DATA MAXSUB,MAXSA,MAXSE/40,5,2/
          READ(4,5) LABEL
          WRITE(6,6) LABEL
          5   FORMAT(8A10)
          6   FORMAT(1X8A10)
          C READ NUMBER OF SUBSYSTEMS. HALT IF TOO MANY.
          NLRU=0
          READ(4,10) NSUB
          10  FORMAT(I2)
          IF (NSUB.LE.MAXSUB) GO TO 30
          WRITE(6,20) MAXSU9
          20  FORMAT(27H0CURRENT MAX SUBSYSTEMS AT ,I2)
          STOP

```

```

C READ EACH SUBSYSTEM IN LOOP 100. READ AND WRITE THE CR CARD.
70   DO 100 JSUB=1,NSUB
    30   READ(4,40) TYPE,SEQID(JSUB),DASH1,JSEQ1,
        * SWUC(JSUB),JNAC(JSUB),(SNAME(K,JSUB),K=1,5),NR
    40   FORMAT(A2,1XA7,A1,I1,7XA5,1XI2,1X5A8,6XI2)
        WRITE(6,41) TYPE,SEQID(JSUB),DASH1,JSEQ1,
        * SWUC(JSUB),JNAC(JSUB),(SNAME(K,JSUB),K=1,5),NR
    41   FORMAT(1XA2,1XA2,A1,I1,7XA5,1XI2,1X5A8,6XI2)
        IF (JSEQ1.EQ.2) GO TO 35
        NUML(JSUB)=NR
        IF(JSEQ1.EQ.1 .AND. TYPE.EQ.CR) GO TO 60
        WRITE(6,50)
        FORMAT(40HPRECEDING SUBSYSTEM CARD SEQUENCE ERROR.)
    50   FORMAT(40HPRECEDING SUBSYSTEM CARD SEQUENCE ERROR.)
C SET POINTER FOR THIS SUBSYSTEM TO FIRST LRU IN LRU TABLES.
    60   KLRU(JSUB)=NLRU+1
C READ CROSS REFERENCE CARDS FOR EACH LRU IN THIS SUBSYSTEM (LOOP 90).
    85   C
    90   C
    101  C
    80   C READ EACH LRU IN THIS SUBSYSTEM (LOOP 90).
        DO 90 LDUMMY=1,NR
        IF (NLRU.LT.MAXRLU) GO TO 80
        WRITE(6,70) MAXRLU
        70   FORMAT(21H0CURRENT MAX LRUS AT ,I3)
        STOP
        NLRU=NLRU+1
    85   READ(4,40) TYPE,LEQID(NLRU),DASH1,JSEQ1,
        * LWUC(NLRU),LNAC(NLRU),(LNAME(K,NLRU),K=1,5)
        WRITE(6,41) TYPE,LEQID(NLRU),DASH1,JSEQ1,
        * LWUC(NLRU),LNAC(NLRU),(LNAME(K,NLRU),K=1,5)
        IF (JSEQ1.EQ.2) GO TO 35
        IF (JSEQ1.EQ.1 .AND. TYPE.EQ.CR) GO TO 90
        WRITE(6,86)
        FORMAT(34HPRECEDING LRU CARD SEQUENCE ERROR.)
    90   CONTINUE
    100  C

```

```

100 CONTINUE
C READ MANDATORY SECOND CR CARD FOR LAST LRU
C READ(4,5) ARRAY
  READ(4,5)
  WRITE(6,105) ARRAY
105 FORMAT(1X$A10)

C READ SF CARDS. THERE MAY BE FROM 1 TO MAXSE CARDS PER SUBSYSTEM.
C JSUB=0
110 DO 150 K=1,NSUB
      READ(4,110) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA,NUM
      WRITE(6,111)TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA,NUM
111  FORMAT(1XA2,1XA7,A1,I1,7,(1XA5),I3)
110  FORMAT(A2,1XA7,A1,I1,7,(1XA5),I3)
      IF (TYPE.NE.SE) WRITE(6,115) TYPE, SF
115  FORMAT(1XA2,12H CARD WHERE ,A2,14H CARD BELONGS.)
      IF (JSEQ.GT.1) WRITE(6,116)
116  FORMAT(21H CARD SEQUENCE ERROR.)
      IF (NUM.GT.MAXSE) WRITE(6,117) MAXSE
117  FORMAT(24H CURRENT MAX SE'S SET AT,12)

C IF CARDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE, WE ADVANCE JSUB UP TO THE CORRECT SUBSYSTEM
C JSUB=JSUB+1
125  JFIRST=JSUB
      IF(EQ.EQ.SEQID(JSUB)) GO TO 130
      JSUB=JSUB+1
      IF (JSUB.GT.NSUB) JSUB=1
      IF (JSUB.NE.JFIRST) GO TO 120
      IF UNABLE TO IDENTIFY SUBSYSTEM, GO TO THE NEXT.
130  C IF UNABLE TO IDENTIFY SUBSYSTEM, GO TO THE NEXT.
      125 WRITE(6,126)
      126 FORMAT(28H SUBSYSTEM EQUIP ID INVALID.)
      GO TO 150

C ASSIGN TO THE PROPER SUBSYSTEM. FIRST 1 SE, THEN THE 2ND, ETC.
135

```

```

130      NSEQ=1      L=1,7
135      NSFSE(L,JSUB)=0
136      DO 140 L=1,7
137      IF (DATA(L).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 140
138      NPOS=NSFSE(L,JSUB)+1
139      NSFSE(L,JSUB)=NPOS
140      SFSE(NPOS,L,JSUB)=DATA(L)
141      CONTINUE
142      IF (NSEQ.GE.NUM) GO TO 150
143
144      C READ ADDITIONAL SE'S. THEN STORE ABOVE.
145      NSEQ=NSEQ+1
146      READ(4,110) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA
147      WRITE(6,111) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA
148      IF (EQ.NE.SEQID(JSUB)) WRITE(6,190)
149      IF (TYPE.NE.SF) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,SF
150      IF (JSEQ.NE.NSEQ) WRITE(6,116)
151      GO TO 137
152      CONTINUE
153
154      C READ LF CARDS. THERE MAY BE FROM ONE TO MAXSA CARDS FOR EACH SUBSYSTEM.
155      JSUB=0      K=1, NSUB
156      DO 200 K=1, NSUB
157      READ(4,110) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA,NUM
158      WRITE(6,111) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA,NUM
159      IF (TYPE.NE.LF) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,LF
160      IF (JSEQ.GT.1) WRITE(6,116)
161      IF (NUM.GT.MAXSA) WRITE(6,155) MAXSA
162      FORMAT(26H CURRENT MAX MPSCLS SET AT,12)
163
164      C IF CARDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE BY SUBSYSTEM, WE INCREMENT JSUB TO IT.
165      JSUB=JSUB+1
166      JFIRST=JSUB

```

```

170      IF (EQ.EQ.SEQID(JSUB)) GO TO 170
          JSUB=JSUB+1
          IF (JSUB.GT.NSUB) JSUB=1
          IF (JSUB.NE.JFIRST) GO TO 160
          WRITE(6,126)
          GO TO 200

C ASSIGN TO PROPER SUBSYSTEM, INITIALLY THE FIRST AFSC, THEN SECOND, ETC.
170      NSEQ=1
          DO 173 L=1,7
173      NSAFSC(L,JSUB)=0
175      DO 180 L=1,7
          IF (DATA(L).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 180
          NPOS=NSAFSC(L,JSUB)+1
          NSAFSC(L,JSUB)=NPOS
          NSAFSC(NPOS,L,JSUB)=DATA(L)
180      CONTINUE
          IF (NSEQ.GE.NUM) GO TO 200

C READ ADDITIONAL AFSC'S, THEN STORE SIMILARLY ABOVE.
180      NSEQ=NSEQ+1
          READ(4,110) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA
          WRITE(6,111)TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA
          IF (EQ.NE.SEQID(JSUB)) WRITE(6,190)
185      FORMAT(22H INVALID EQUIPMENT ID.)
          IF (TYPE.NE.LF) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,LF
          IF (JSEQ.NE.NSEQ) WRITE(6,116)
          GO TO 175
          CONTINUE

C READ LS CARDS. THERE MAY BE FROM ONE TO MAXLA CARDS PER LRU.
190      JLRU=0
195      DO 200 K=1,NLRU

```

```

205      READ(4,210) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA,NUM
        WRITE(6,211)TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA,NUM
        211     FORMAT(1XA2,1XA7,A1,I1,6X7(1XA5),I3)
210      FORMAT(A2,1XA7,A1,I1,6X7(1XA5),I3)
        IF (TYPE.NE.LS) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,LS
        210     IF (JSEQ.GT.1) WRITE(6,116)
        IF (NUM.GT.MAXLA) WRITE(6,155) MAXLA
        JLRU=JLRU+1
        JFIRST=JLRU
220     IF (EQ.EQ.LEQID(JLRU)) GO TO 230
        C   IF CARDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE BY LRU, WE INCREMENT JLRU UP TO IT.
215     C   ASSIGN TO PROPER LRU
        230     NSEQ=1
        DO 235  L=1,5
        235     FORMAT(1XA2,1XA7,A1,I1,6X7(1XF5.1))
        235     NLAFSC(L,JLRU)=0
        240     DO 250  L=1,5
        240     LX=L
        IF (L.GT.3) LX=L+2
        IF (DATA(LX).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 250
        230     NPOS=NLAFSC(L,JLRU)+1
        NLAFSC(L,JLRU)=NPOS
        LSAFSC(NPOS,L,JLRU)=DATA(LX)
        250     CONTINUE
        IF (NSEQ.GE.NUM) GO TO 260
        235     C   READ ADDITIONAL AFSC'S, THEN STORE SIMILARLY ABOVE.
        NSEQ=NSEQ+1

```

```

      READ(4,210) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA
      WRITE(6,211)TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,DATA
      IF (EQ.NE.LEQD(JLRU)) WRITE(6,190)
      IF (TYPE.NE.LLS) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,LS
      IF (JSEQ.NE.MSEQ) WRITE(6,116)
      GO TO 240

C     C IF UNABLE TO IDENTIFY EQUIPMENT ID, GO TO THE NEXT.
      245   255   WRITE(6,256)
      256   FORMAT(22H LRU EQUIP ID INVALID.)
      260   CONTINUE

C     C READ TS CARDS, ONE PER LRU IN ANY ORDER
      265   JLRU=0
      DO 300   K=1,NLRU
      READ(4,265) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,TIMES
      WRITE(6,266) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,TIMES
      265   FORMAT(A2,1XAT,A1,I1,6X7(1XF5.1))
      IF (TYPE.NE.TS) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,TS
      IF (JSEQ.GT.1) WRITE(6,116)

C     C IF CARDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE BY LRU, WE INCREMENT JLRU UP TO IT.
      270   JLRU=JLRU+1
      JFIRST=JLRU
      270   IF (EQ.EQ.LEQD(JLRU)) GO TO 280
      JLRU=JLRU+1
      IF (JLRU.GT.NLRU) JLRU=1
      IF (JLRU.NE.JFIRST) GO TO 270
      WRITE(6,256)
      GO TO 300

C     C ASSIGN TO PROPER LRU
      280   DO 290   L=1,3
      290   TLSHOP(L,JLRU)=TIMES(L)

```

```

      TLSHOP(4,JLRU)=TIMES(6)
      TLSHOP(5,JLRU)=TIMES(7)
      CONTINUE

275   C READ TF CARDS, ONE PER SUBSYSTEM
      JSUB=0
      DO 340  K=1, NSUB
         READ(4,305) TYPE, EQ, DASH, JSEQ, TIMES
         WRITE(6,306) TYPE, EQ, DASH, JSEQ, TIMES
305   FORMAT(1XA2,1XA7,A1,I1,7(1XF5,1))
306   FORMAT(A2,1XA7,A1,I1,7(1XF5,1))
305   IF (TYPE.NE.TF) WRITE(6,115) TYPE, TF
      IF (JSEQ.GT.1) WRITE(6,116)

285   C IF CARDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE, WE INCREMENT JSUB UP TO IT.
      JSUB=JSUB+1
      JFIRST=JSUB
      310  IF (EQ.EQ.SEQID(JSUB)) GO TO 320
           JSUB=JSUB+1
           IF (JSUB.GT.NSUB) JSUB=1
           IF (JSUB.NE.JFIRST) GO TO 310
           WRITE(6,126)
           GO TO 340

295   C ASSIGN TO PROPER SUBSYSTEM
      JSUB=0
      DO 330 L=1,7
         TSFL(L,JSUB)=TIMES(L)
330   CONTINUE

300   C READ PF CARDS, ONE PER SUBSYSTEM
      JSUB=0
      DO 390 K=1, NSUB
         READ(4,350) TYPE, EQ, DASH, JSEQ, PEAS
         WRITE(6,351) TYPE, EQ, DASH, JSEQ, PEAS
390   CONTINUE

```

```

351  FORMAT(1XA2,1XA7,A1,I1,7(F6.4))
350  FORMAT(A2,1XA7,A1,I1,7(F6.4))
    IF (TYPE.NE.PF) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,PF
    IF (JSEQ.GT.1) WRITE(6,116)
C IF CARDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE, WE INCREMENT JSUB UP TO IT.
    JSUB=JSUB+1
    JFIRST=JSUB
360  IF (EQ.EQ.SEQID(JSUB)) GO TO 370
    JSUB=JSUB+1
    IF (JSUB.GT.*NSUB) JSUB=1
    IF (JSUB.NE.JFIRST) GO TO 360
    WRITE(6,126)
    GO TO 390
370  C ASSIGN TO PROPER SUBSYSTEM
    370  DO 380 L=1,6
    380  PSM(L,JSUB)=PEAS(L)
    390  CONTINUE
320  C READ PS CARDS, ONE PER LRU IN ANY ORDER
    JLRU=0
    DO 440 K=1,NLRU
        READ(4,400) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,PEAS
        WRITE(6,401) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,PEAS
        FORMAT(1XA2,1XA7,A1,I1,6X7(F6.4))
401  FORMAT(A2,1XA7,A1,I1,6X7(F6.4))
400  IF (TYPE.NE.PS) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,PS
    IF (JSEQ.GT.1) WRITE(6,116)
335  C IF CARDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE, WE INCREMENT JLRU TO IT.
    JLRU=JLRU+1
    JFIRST=JLRU
410  IF (EQ.EQ.LEQID(JLRU)) GO TO 420

```

```

340      JLRU=JLRU+1
        IF (JLRU.GT.NLRU) JLRU=1
        IF (JLRU.NE.JFIRST) GO TO 410
        WRITE(6,256)
        GO TO 440

345      C ASSIGN TO PROPER LRU
        420      DO 430 L=1,3
        430      PLRR(L,JLRU)=PEAS(L)
                  PLRR(4,JLRU)=PEAS(6)
                  PLRR(5,JLRU)=PEAS(7)
        440      CONTINUE

350      C READ SS CARDS, ONE PER LRU. ADDITIONAL SE'S ON FOLLOWING CARDS.
        JLRU=0
        DO 449 K=1,NLRU
        READ(4,441) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,(DATA(J),J=1,3),ND,DATA(4),
        * DATA(5),NUM
        WRITE(6,4411)TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,(DATA(J),J=1,3),ND,DATA(4),
        * DATA(5),NUM
        4411      FORMAT(1XA2,1XA7,A1,I1,6X3(1XA5),1XI3,8X2(1XA5),1XI2)
        441      FORMAT(A2,1XA7,A1,I1,6X3(1XA5),1XI3,8X2(1XA5),1XI2)
        IF (TYPE.NE.SS) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,SS
        IF (JSEQ.GT.1) WRITE(6,116)
        IF (NUM.GT.MAXLE) WRITE(6,117) MAXLE
        JLRU=JLRU+1
        JFIRST=JLRU
        442      IF (EQ.EQ.LEQID(JLRU)) GO TO 443

360      C IF CARDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE, WE INCREMENT JLRU UP TO IT.
        JLRU=JLRU+1
        IF (JLRU.GT.NLRU) JLRU=1
        IF (JLRU.EQ.JFIRST) GO TO 447
        GO TO 442

```

```

375      C ASSIGN TO PROPER LRU
        443      NSEQ=1
        444      DO 444   L=1,5
        444      NLSE(L,JLRU)=0
        445      LDRAW(JLRU)=ND
        446      DO 446   L=1,5
        446      IF (DATA(L).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 446
        446      NPOS=NLSE(L,JLRU)+1
        446      NLSE(L,JLRU)=NPOS
        446      LSE(NPOS,L,JLRU)=DATA(L)
        446      CONTINUE
        446      IF (NSEQ.GE.NUM) GO TO 449
        C READ ADDITIONAL SE'S, THEN STORE ABOVE.
        447      NSEQ=NSEQ+1
        447      READ(4,441) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,(DATA(J),J=1,3),ND,DATA(4),DATA(5)
        447      WRITE(6,441) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,(DATA(J),J=1,3),ND,DATA(4),DATA(5)
        447      IF (EQ.NE.LEQID(JLRU)) WRITE(6,190)
        447      IF (TYPE.NE.SS) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,SS
        447      IF (JSEQ.NE.NSEQ) WRITE(6,116)
        447      GO TO 445
        C IF UNABLE TO IDENTIFY EQUIPMENT, GO TO THE NEXT.
        449      WRITE(6,256)
        449      CONTINUE
        C READ MF CARDS, 1 PER SUBSYSTEM IN ANY ORDER
        450      JSUB=0
        450      DO 480   K=1,NSUB
        450      READ(4,450) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,VAL,H
        450      FORMAT(A2,XA7,A1,I1,1XF6.1,1XF6.4)
        450      WRITE(6,451) TYPE,EQ,DASH,JSEQ,VAL,H

```

```
410      FORMAT(1XA2,1XA7,A1,I1,1XF6.1,1XF6.4)
        IF (TYPE.NE.MF) WRITE(6,115) TYPE,MF
        IF (JSEQ.GT.1) WRITE(6,116)

C IF CARDS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE, INCREMENT JSUB UP TO IT.

415      JSUB=JSUB+1
        JFIRST=JSUB
        IF (EQ.EQ.SEQID(JSUB)) GO TO 470
        JSUB=JSUB+1
        IF (JSUB.GT.NSU3) JSUB=1
        IF (JSUB.GT.NSU3) JSUB=1
        IF (JSU3.NE.JFIRST) GO TO 460
        WRITE(6,126)
        GO TO 480

420      C ASSIGN TO PROPER SUBSYSTEM
        C 470  FH9MA(JSUB)=VAL
              HFAC(JSUB)=H+1.0
        C 480  CONTINUE
              RETURN
              END

425      111
```

SYMBOLIC REFERENCE MAP (R=1)

ENTRY POINTS		VARIABLES	SN	TYPE	RELOCATION	
1	READ	2360	ARRAY	REAL	ARRAY	REAL
		1132	CR	REAL		REAL
		2335	DASH1	REAL		REAL
		2342	EQ	REAL		REAL
		2357	H	REAL		REAL
		2354	J	INTEGER		INTEGER
		2352	JLRU	INTEGER	2345 JFIRST	INTEGER
		2344	JSEQ	INTEGER	6440 JNAC	INTEGER
		2333	JSUB	INTEGER	2336 JSEQ1	INTEGER
		2	KLRU	INTEGER	2337 K	INTEGER
		0	LABEL	INTEGER	2350 L	INTEGER
		2341	LUMMY	INTEGER	16230 LDRAW	INTEGER
		1134	LF	REAL	50 LEQID	REAL
		0	LNAME	INTEGER	16420 LNAC	INTEGER
		3600	LSAFSC	REAL	1135 LS	REAL
		3410	LNUC	INTEGER	11470 LSE	REAL
		1145	MAXLA	INTEGER	2353 LX	INTEGER
		VARIABLES	SN	TYPE	1146 MAXLE	INTEGER
		1144	MAXLRU	INTEGER		
		1151	MAXSE	INTEGER	1150 MAXSA	INTEGER
		1142	NF	REAL	1147 MAXSUB	INTEGER
		13750	MLAFSC	INTEGER	2355 ND	INTEGER
		15100	NLSE	INTEGER	1 NLRU	INTEGER
		2340	NR	INTEGER	2351 NPOS	INTEGER
		2347	NSEQ	INTEGER	5310 NSAFSC	INTEGER
		0	NSUB	INTEGER	5740 NSFSE	INTEGER
				SIZES	2345 NUM	SIZES

LOOPS	LABEL	INDEX	FROM-TO	LENGTH	PROPERTIES	EXT REFS	NOT INNER
17	100	* JSUB	70 102	115B			
62	90	* LDUMMY	87 101	50B			
142	150	* K	111 155	113B			
LOOPS	LABEL	INDEX	FROM-TO	LENGTH	PROPERTIES	EXT REFS	NOT INNER
204	135	L	137 138	2B	INSTACK		
216	140	L	139 144	7B	INSTACK		
257	200	* K	159 198	114B			
321	173	L	179 180	2B	INSTACK		
333	180	L	181 186	10B	OPT		
375	260	* K	203 248	120B			
435	235	L	223 225	2B	INSTACK		
447	250	L	226 233	14B	OPT		
517	300	* K	252 274	47B			
554	290	L	270 271	2B	INSTACK		
570	340	* K	278 299	43B			
625	330	L	297 298	2B	INSTACK		
635	390	* K	303 324	43B			
672	380	L	322 323	2B	INSTACK		
702	440	* K	328 351	47B			
737	430	L	347 348	2B	INSTACK		
753	449	* K	355 399	114B			

1013	444	L	377	378	2B	INSTACK
1026	446	L	380	385	7B	INSTACK
1071	480	* K	404	425	37B	EXT REFS
COMMON	BLOCKS	LENGTH				
	SUBS	3440				
	LBL	8				
	LRUS	7560				
	SIZES	82				
	EQIDS	160				
STATISTICS						
PROGRAM LENGTH			2415B	1293		
CM LABELED COMMON LENGTH			25762B	11250		
52000B CM USED						

```

1      SUBROUTINE ADDUP(ASUB,ALRU)
2
3      C THIS ROUTINE ADDS UP THE VARIOUS COLUMNS AND ROWS OF THE DATA
4      C ROW PASSED TO ARRAYS ASUB AND ALRU, WHICH ARE EITHER ARRAYS
5      C TTR AND TTRL OR EMMH AND EMMHL. WHEN ADDING
6      C SUBSYSTEMS OR LRU'S, CHANGE THE 40'S IN THE FIRST CARD BELOW TO
7      C THE NEW NUMBER OF SUBSYSTEMS. CHANGE THE 120 IN THE 2ND CARD
8      C BELOW TO THE NEW MAXIMUM NUMBER OF LRU'S. ALSO CHANGE THE
9      C NUMBERS IN THESE COMMENTS.
10
11      DIMENSION ASUB(21,40),KLRU(40),NUML(40)
12      DIMENSION ALRU(6,4,120)
13
14      COMMON/SIZES/NSUB,NLRU,KLRU,NUML
15
16      C ADD UP LRU TOTALS
17      DO 100 JLRU=1,NLRU
18      DO 90 M=1,3
19      DO 80 N=1,5
20      VAL = ALRU(N,M,JLRU)
21      ALRU(6,M,JLRU) = ALRU(6,M,JLRU) + VAL
22      ALRU(N,4,JLRU) = ALRU(N,4,JLRU) + VAL
23      CONTINUE
24      DO 100 N=1,5
25      100 ALRU(6,4,JLRU) = ALRU(6,4,JLRU) + ALRU(N,4,JLRU)
26
27      C ADD UP SUBSYSTEM TOTALS
28      DO 140 JSUB=1,NSUB
29      JLRU=KLRU(JSUB)
30      NR=NUML(JSUB)
31
32      C DO 120 K=1,NR
33      DO 110 N=1,5
34      110 ASUB(N,JSUB) = ASUB(N,JSUB) + ALRU(N,4,JLRU)
35      ASUB(15,JSUB)=ASUB(15,JSUB)+ALRU(6,4,JLRU)

```

```

115 DO 115 M=1,3
120 ASUB(M+15,JSUB) = ASUB(M+15,JSUB) + ALRU(5,M,JLRU)
DO 130 N=1,4
130 ASUB(6,JSUB) = ASUB(6,JSUB) + ASUB(N,JSUB)
ASUB(13,JSUB) = ASUB(7,JSUB)+ASUB(8,JSUB)+ASUB(1,JSUB)
ASUB(14,JSUB) = ASUB(9,JSUB) + ASUB(2,JSUB)
ASUB(19,JSUB) = ASUB(7,JSUB) + ASUB(10,JSUB)
ASUB(20,JSUB) = ASUB(8,JSUB) + ASUB(9,JSUB) +
* ASUB(11,JSUB) + ASUB(12,JSUB)

C DO 135 K=1,6
135 ASUB(15,JSUB) = ASUB(15,JSUB) + ASUB(K+6,JSUB)
140 ASUB(21,JSUB) = ASUB(15,JSUB) - ASUB(5,JSUB)

C RETURN
50 END

```

SYMBOLIC REFERENCE MAP (R=11)

ENTRY POINTS		SN	TYPE	RELOCATION	F.P.			
3	ADDUP	0	ALRU	REAL		0	ASUB	ARRAY
		170	JLRU	INTEGER		174	JSUB	INTEGER
		176	K	INTEGER		2	KLRU	INTEGER
		171	M	INTEGER		172	N	INTEGER
		1	NLRU	INTEGER		175	NR	INTEGER
		0	NSUB	INTEGER		52	NUML	INTEGER
		173	VAL	REAL				ARRAY
STATEMENT LABELS								
		0	80		0	90		0 100
		0	110		0	115		0 120
		0	130		0	135		0 140
LOOPS	LABEL		INDEX	FROM-TO	LENGTH		PROPERTIES	
16	100	*	JLRU	17 25	35B		NOT INNER	
17	90	*	M	18 23	21B		NOT INNER	
30	80	N		19 22	4B	INSTACK		
45	100	N		24 25	3B	INSTACK		
54	140	*	JSUB	28 49	112B		NOT INNER	
60	120	*	K	32 38	42B	INSTACK		NOT INNER
71	110	N		33 34	3B	INSTACK		
112	115	M		36 37	3B	INSTACK		
130	130	N		39 40	3B	INSTACK		
155	135	K		47 48	3B	INSTACK		

COMMON BLOCKS	LENGTH
SIZES	82

STATISTICS
PROGRAM LENGTH
CM LABELED COMMON LENGTH
52000B CM USED

148
82

224B
122B

```

1      C SUBROUTINE SEDUMP(TTRL,TTR,NWANT,WANT)
C THIS ROUTINE DUMPS TO THE PRINTER ALL THE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT REPORTS
C AFTER READING IN THE SUPPORT EQUIPMENTS OF INTEREST.
C
5      DIMENSION NUML(40),KLRU(40),TSFL(7,40),PSM(7,40),HFAC(40),
*          NSAFSC(7,40),FHBMA(40),JNAC(40),NFSE(7,40),AVAIL(40),
*          DIMENSION SWUC(40),SFSE(2,7,40),SFAFSC(5,7,40)
*          DIMENSION SNAME(5,40)
*          DIMENSION SEQID(40)
*          COMMON/SUBS/SNAME,TSFL,PSM,SWUC,SFSE,
*          SFAFSC,NSAFSC,NSFSE,FHBMA,JNAC,HFAC
*
C          DIMENSION LDRAW(120),LNAC(120),TLSHOP(5,120),NLAFSC(5,120)
C          DIMENSION PLRR(5,120),NLSE(5,120)
15      REAL LSASFSC,LSE
C          DIMENSION LWUC(120),LSAFSC(5,5,120),LSE(2,5,120)
C          DIMENSION LNAME(5,120)
C          REAL LEQID
C          DIMENSION LEQID(120)
C          COMMON/LRUS/LNAME,TLSHOP,PLRR,LWUC,LSAFSC,
*          LSE,NLAFSC,NLSE,LDRAW,LNAC
C          COMMON/SIZES/NSUB,NLRU,KLRU,NUML
C          COMMON/EQIDS/SEQID,LEQID
20      C          DIMENSION LABEL(8)
C          COMMON/LABL/LABEL
C
25      C          DIMENSION WANT(100)
C
30      C          DIMENSION ESSE(3,4),GT(3,4),TOTSE(3,4)
C          DIMENSION SES(50),ARRAY(13)

```

```

35      DIMENSION TTRL(6,4,120),TTR(21,40)
        DATA BLANK, ALLSE/5H
        IANY=0
        5H,SHALLSE/
C
        READ(4,10) NSES
        10   FORMAT(I2)
        I=0
        IF (NSES.EQ.0) RETURN
        IF (NSES.LT.51) GO TO 20
        WRITE(6,15) NSES
        15   FORMAT(1X13,35H SE"S IS MORE THAN CURRENT LIMIT OF,I3)
        STOP
        20   READ(4,30) ARRAY
        30   FORMAT(13(A5,1X))
        WRITE(6,31) ARRAY
        31   FORMAT(1X13(A5,1X))
C
        J=0
        40   J=J+1
        IF (J.GT.13) GO TO 20
        IF (ARRAY(J).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 40
        I=I+1
        SES(I)=ARRAY(J)
        IF (I.LT.NSES) GO TO 40
C
        C LOOP THROUGH SE"S OF INTEREST
        DO 160 N=1,NSES
        SE=SES(N)
        DO 41 LL=1,NWANT
        IF (WANT(LL).EQ.SE.OR.WANT(LL).EQ.ALLSE) GO TO 411
        41   CONTINUE
        GO TO 160
        411  DO 42 II=1,4
        DO 42 JJ=1,3

```

```

42      GT(JJ,II)=0.0
70      UPGT=0.0
        WRITE(6,43) SE, LABEL
        FORMAT(4H1SE-,A5,10X,8A10/4X5H-----)
        WRITE(6,44)
43      FORMAT(21X6H-MTTR-,21X5H-MMH-,19X
        *      13H-MMH/1000 FH-,14X14H-MTTR/1000 FH-/
44      *      /8X3HTD#,1X,
        *      4(1X22HTD REP   TS REP   TOTAL,4X),6X5HUP/KFH,
        *      /8X3H---,1X
        *      4(1X22H---   -----,4X),6X6H----/)
80      C
        DO 150 JSUB=1, NSUB
        JLRU=KLRU(JSUB)
        NR=NUML(JSUB)
        IF (LINE+NR.LE.58) GO TO 444
        WRITE(6,443)
443     FORMAT(1H1)
        WRITE(6,44)
        LINE=7
C      ZERO OUT TOTAL ARRAY FOR EACH SUBSYSTEM.
90      C
        DO 444 II=1,3
        DO 45  JJ=1,4
444     TOTSE(II,JJ)=0.0
        TTRX=0.0
        IP=0
95      C
        C LOOP THROUGH EACH LRU IN THIS SUBSYSTEM.
        DO 140 K=1, NR
        NL4J=Nlse(4, JLRU)
        DO 47  KK=1, NL4J
47      IF (SE.EQ.LSE(KK,4, JLRU)) GO TO 60
100

```

```

47    CONTINUE
      GO TO 140
C
C COMPUTE FOMS
105   60  ESSE(1,1)=PLRR(4,JLRU)*TSHOP(4,JLRU)
          ESSE(2,1)=PLRR(5,JLRU)*TSHOP(5,JLRU)
          ESSE(3,1)=ESSE(1,1)+ESSE(2,1)
          ESSE(1,2)=ESSE(1,1)*NLAFSC(4,JLRU)
          ESSE(2,2)=ESSE(2,1)*NLAFSC(5,JLRU)
          ESSE(3,2)=ESSE(1,2)-ESSE(2,2)
          FACT=1000./FHBM/JSUB
DO 65  II=1,3
      ESSE(II,3)=ESSE(II,2)*FACT
      ESSE(II,4)=ESSE(II,1)*FACT
C
C SET UP SUBSYSTEM TOTAL ARRAY
       DO 68  II=1,3
          DO 68  JJ=1,4
              68  TOTSE(II,JJ)=TOTSE(II,JJ)+ESSE(II,JJ)
C
C PRINT LRU LINE
       TTRLX=TTRL(5,4,JLRU)*FACT
       TTRX=TTRX+TTRLX
120      WRITE(6,70) LEQID(JLRU),LDRAW(JLRU),ESSE,TTRLX
              70  FORMAT(1XA7,13,4(F8.4,3X),F13.5)
              IP=1
              IANY=1
              LINE=LINE+1
130      C 140  JLRU=JLRU+1
              IF (IP.EQ.0) GO TO 150
C
C PRINT TOTALS
              UPGT=UPGT+TTRX
135

```

```
      WRITE(6,145) SEQID(JSUB),TOTSE,TTRX
      FORMAT(11X,4(3(2X6H-----),3X),6X7H-----/
*     1XA7,3X4(3F8.4,3X),F13.5//)
      LINE=LINE+3
      DO 147 II=1,3
      DO 147 JJ=1,4
      147 GT(II,JJ)=GT(II,JJ)+TOTSE(II,JJ)
      150 CONTINUE
      160 IF (IANY.EQ.1) WRITE(6,170) GT,UPGT
      170 FORMAT(//11X4(3(2X6H-----),3X),6X7H-----/
*     /1X5HTOTAL,5X4(3F8.4,3X),F13.5)
      RETURN
      END
```

140

145

SYMBOLIC REFERENCE MAP (R=1)

ENTRY POINTS	VARIABLES	SN	TYPE	RELOCATION		
3 SEDUMP	272 ALLSE		REAL		ARRAY	
	475 AVAIL		REAL	*UNDEF	REAL	REAL
	545 ESSE		REAL	ARRAY	REAL	REAL
	6370 FHBMA		REAL	ARRAY	REAL	REAL
	6510 HFAC		REAL	ARRAY	INTEGER	INTEGER
	450 IANY		INTEGER		INTEGER	INTEGER
	467 IP		INTEGER		INTEGER	INTEGER
	460 JJ		INTEGER		INTEGER	INTEGER
	6440 JNAC		INTEGER	ARRAY	SUBS	JSUB
	470 K		INTEGER	INTEGER		
	2 KLRU		INTEGER	INTEGER		
	16230 LDRAW		INTEGER	ARRAY	SIZES	KK
	VARIABLES	SN	TYPE	ARRAY	LRUS	LABEL
	462 LINE		INTEGER	ARRAY	0	EQIDS
	16420 LNAC		INTEGER	ARRAY	50	LEQID
	3600 LSAFSC		REAL	ARRAY		
	3410 LWUC		INTEGER	ARRAY		
	13750 NLAFSC		INTEGER	ARRAY		
	15100 NLSE		INTEGER	ARRAY		
	465 NR		INTEGER	ARRAY		
	451 NSES		INTEGER	ARRAY		
	0 NSUB		INTEGER	SIZE\$		
	0 NWANT		INTEGER	F.P.		
	740 PSM		REAL	ARRAY	SUBS	PLRR
	0 SEQID		REAL	ARRAY	EQIDS	SE
	2520 SFAFSC		REAL	ARRAY	SUBS	611 SES
	0 SNAME		REAL	ARRAY	SUBS	1440 SFSE
	1130 TLSHOP		REAL	ARRAY	SUBS	1370 SWUC
				LRUS		REAL
					575 TOTSE	

310	TSFL	REAL	ARRAY	SUBS	0	TTR	REAL	ARRAY	F.P.
0	TTRL	REAL	ARRAY	F.P.	474	TIRLX	REAL		
466	TTRX	REAL	ARRAY		461	UPGT	REAL		
0	WANT	REAL	ARRAY						
FILE NAMES	TAPE4	MODE	FMT	TAPE6	FMT				
STATEMENT LABELS									
300	10	FMT		306	15	FMT		26	20
321	30	FMT		330	31	FMT		33	40
0	41	FMT		0	42			340	43
347	44	FMT		0	45			0	47
145	60	FMT		0	65			0	68
410	70	FMT		224	140			422	145
0	147	FMT		256	150			261	160
436	170	FMT		61	411			374	443
114	444								
LOOPS	LABEL	INDEX	FROM-TO	LENGTH	PROPERTIES				
45	160	* N	60 144	223B	EXT REFS	NOT INNER			
50	41	* LL	62 64	10B	OPT	EXITS			
62	42	* II	66 68	12B	INSTACK	NOT INNER			
67	42	JJ	67 68	2B	INSTACK	EXT REFS	NOT INNER		
102	150	* JSUB	81 143	157B	INSTACK	NOT INNER			
115	45	* II	91 93	13B	INSTACK	EXT REFS	NOT INNER		
122	45	JJ	92 93	2B	INSTACK	EXT REFS	NOT INNER		
132	140	* K	98 131	76B	INSTACK	EXITS			
136	47	* KK	100 102	7B	INSTACK	INSTACK			
165	65	II	113 115	4B	INSTACK	NOT INNER			
173	68	* II	118 120	14B	INSTACK	NOT INNER			
200	68	JJ	119 120	3B	INSTACK	NOT INNER			
242	147	* II	140 142	14B	INSTACK	NOT INNER			
247	147	JJ	141 142	3B	INSTACK				

COMMON	BLOCKS	LENGTH
	SUBS	3440
	LRUS	7560
	SIZES	82
	EQIDS	160
	LABL	8
STATISTICS	PROGRAM LENGTH	720B
	CM LABELED COMMON LENGTH	464
	52000B CM USED	25762B
		11250

```

1      SUBROUTINE DUMP(TITLE, HEADER, JSUB, FACTOR, ASUB, ALRU)
2
3      C THIS ROUTINE DUMPS THE VARIOUS COLUMNS AND ROWS OF THE DATA
4      C ELEMENTS ASUB AND ALRU PASSED AS ARGUMENTS, WHICH ARE EITHER ARRAYS
5      C TTR AND TTRL OR EMMH AND EMMHL. WHEN ADDING SUBSYSTEMS OR
C LRU'S, CHANGE THE 40'S IN THE 1ST CARD BELOW TO THE NEW NUMBER OF
C SUBSYSTEMS. CHANGE THE 120'S IN THE SECOND CARD BELOW TO THE NEW
C MAXIMUM NUMBER OF LRU'S. ALSO CHANGE THE NUMBERS IN THESE COMMENTS.
6
7      DIMENSION NUML(40), KLRU(40), TSFL(7,40), PSM(7,40), HFAC(40),
8      * NSAFSC(7,40), FBMA(40), JNAC(40), NSFSE(7,40), AVAIL(40)
9      DIMENSION SWUC(40), SFSE(2,7,40), SFAFSC(5,7,40)
10     DIMENSION SNAME(5,40)
11     COMMON/SUBS/SNAME, TSFL, PSM, SWUC, SFSE,
12     * SFAFSC, NSFSE, FBMA, JNAC, HFAC
13     DIMENSION LDRAW(120), LNAC(120), TLSHOP(5,120), NLAFSC(5,120)
14     DIMENSION PLRR(5,120), NLSE(5,120)
15     REAL LSASFSC, LSE
16     DIMENSION LWUC(120), LSAFSC(5,5,120), LSE(2,5,120)
17     DIMENSION LNAME(5,120)
18     COMMON/LRUS/LNAME, TLSHOP, PLRR, LWUC, LSAFSC,
19     * LSE, NLAFSC, NLSE, LDRAW, LNAC
20     DIMENSION ASUB(21), SEQID(40)
21     DIMENSION ALRU(6,4,120)
22     DIMENSION LEQID(120)
23     REAL LEQID
24     DIMENSION X(6,4), Y(21)
25
26     C
27     COMMON/SIZES/NSUB, NLRU, KLRU, NUML
28     COMMON/EQIDS/SEQID, LEQID
29
30     C
31     DIMENSION WKN(4)
32
33     C
34     DIMENSION FLRU(14), FFL(14), FTOT(5), ALL(33), FIELD(6)
35     EQUIVALENCE (ALL(1), FRLU(1)), (ALL(29), FTOT(1)), (ALL(15), FFL(1))

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C COMMON/LABL/LABEL
C DIMENSION LABEL(8)
40   DIMENSION TITLE(5), IND(10)
      DATA WKN/3H W, 3H K, 3H N, 3HSUB/
      DATA FLRU/5H( 3(/, 8H4XA3, 1X4, 4HF8.4, 5H, 24X2,
* 4HF8.4, 8H)/8X4(1X, 8H7(1H-)), 8H24X2(1X7, 7H(1H-))/,
* 8H4XA3, 1X4, 4HF8.4, 5H, 24X2, 4HF8.4, 1H)/
      DATA FFL/5H(/4X, 8H3HCND, 1X, 4HF8.4, 6H, 2(24X, 4HF8.4, 8H)/6X1HM.,
* 3H1X2, 4HF8.4, 5H, 24X2, 4HF8.4, 3H, 8X, 4HF8.4, 8H/8X9(1X7,
* 8H(1H-))/ /
      DATA FTOT/4H(1X7, 8HHTOT/TSK, 4H, 1X9, 4HF8.4, 1H)/
      DATA FIELD/8H(1XF7.5), 8H(1XF7.4), 8H(1XF7.3), 8H(1XF7.2),
* 8H(1XF7.1), 8H(1XF7.0)/
      DATA IND/3, 5, 11, 13, 17, 19, 22, 24, 26, 32/
55   IF (ASUB(15).EQ.0.0) RETURN
      C COPY ARRAYS, MULTIPLYING BY REQUIRED FACTOR.
      C DO 5 K=1,21
      5 Y(K)=ASUB(K)*FACTOR
      C SET UP FORMAT FIELDS FOR CORRECT WIDTHS
      JF=ALOG10(Y(15))+1
      IF (JF.LT.1) JF=1
      IF (JF.GT.6) JF=6
      DO 8 K=1, 10
      8 I=IND(K)
      8 ALL(I)=FIELD(JF)

```

```

8 ALL(I)=FIELD(JF)

C WRITE TITLE, HEADER AND HEADER LINES.
    WRITE(6,10) TITLE, HEADER LABEL
10  FORMAT(1H1,5A4,A5,10X8A10)
    IF (JSUB.GT.0) WRITE(6,12) SEQID(JSUB), SWUC(JSUB),
* (SNAME(J,JSUB),J=1,5), FHBM(A)(JSUB)
12  FORMAT(11HOSUBSYSTEM-, A7,5X1H(,A5,1H),5X5A8,5X7HMFHBMA=, F6.1)
    WRITE(6,14)
14  FORMAT(/9X31HAGE F/L TS F/L R+R VR+R
* 4OH CND A/C VM A/C SHOP TOT/OUT/
* 9X3H----- ----- ----- ----- -----
* 4OH ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- )
C BYPASS LRUS
    IF (JSUB.EQ.0) GO TO 40
    JLRU=KLRU(JSUB)
    NR=NUML(JSUB)
    KICK=0
DO 30 K=1, NR
    IF (ALRU(6,4,JLRU).EQ.0.0) GO TO 30
    KICK=KICK+1
    IF (KICK LE. 6) GO TO 18
    WRITE(6,16)
16  FORMAT(1H1)
    KICK=0

C COPY ARRAYS, MULTIPLYING BY REQUIRED FACTOR.
    18 DO 20 N=1,6
    20 DO 20 M=1,4
        X(N,M)=ALRU(N,M,JLRU)*FACTOR
        WRITE(6,25) LEQID(JLRU), LWUC(JLRU), LNAME(J, JLRU), J=1,5)
25  FORMAT(/1X4HLRU-, A7,5X1H(,A5,1H), 5X5A8)
        WRITE(6,FLRU) (WKN(M), X(N,M), N=1,6), M=1,4)
30  JLRU=JLRU+1
        WRITE(6,FFL) Y(7),Y(10),Y(19),Y(8),Y(9),Y(11),Y(12),Y(20)
40  WRITE(6,FTOT) Y(13),Y(14),Y(3),Y(4),Y(10),Y(11),Y(12),Y(5),Y(15)
    RETURN
END

```

SYMBOLIC REFERENCE MAP (R=1)

ENTRY POINTS
3 DUMP

	VARIABLES	SN	TYPE	RELOCATION	F.P.
327	ALL	REAL	ARRAY	REAL	
0	ASUB	REAL	ARRAY	REAL	
0	FACTOR	REAL	ARRAY	REAL	
6370	FHBM	REAL	ARRAY	FIELD	
327	FLRU	REAL	ARRAY	FTOT	
0	HEADER	REAL	ARRAY	HFACT	
320	I	INTEGER	IND	INTEGER	
321	J	INTEGER	JF	INTEGER	
322	JLRU	INTEGER	6440	JNAC	
0	JSUB	INTEGER	316	K	
324	KICK	INTEGER	16230	KLRU	
0	LABEL	INTEGER	16400	LDRAW	
50	LEQID	REAL	EQIDS	LNAC	SIZES
0	LNAME	INTEGER	3600	LSAFSC	
11470	LSE	REAL	LRUS	3410	LRUS
326	M	INTEGER	LRUS	325	LRUS
13750	NLAFSC	INTEGER	N	INTEGER	
15100	NLSE	INTEGER	1	NLRU	
5310	NSAFSC	INTEGER	323	NR	
0	NSUB	INTEGER	5740	NSFSE	
22260	PLRR	REAL	52	NUML	
0	SEQID	REAL	740	PSM	
1440	SFSE	REAL	2520	SFAFSC	
1370	SWUC	REAL	EQIDS	REAL	
1130	TLSHOP	REAL	SUBS	SNAME	
515	WKN	REAL	0	TITLE	
470	Y	REAL	310	TSFL	
			X	REAL	
			440	ARRAY	

FILE NAMES		MODE			
TAPE6		FMT			
EXTERNALS		TYPE		ARGS	
ALOG10		REAL		1 LIBRARY	
STATEMENT	LABELS				
0	5	K		0	8
204	12	FMT		216	14
102	18			0	FMT
151	30			20	
				40	
132				157	
LOOPS	LABEL	INDEX	FROM-TO	LENGTH	PROPERTIES
22	5	K	59 60	3B	INSTACK
41	8	K	66 68	4B	INSTACK
72	30	* K	86 101	63B	EXT REFS
103	20	* N	95 97	17B	NOT INNER
114	20	M	96 97	3B	NOT INNER
136	*	M	100 100	12B	INSTACK
COMMON	BLOCKS	LENGTH			EXT REFS
SUBS		3440			
LRUS		7560			
SIZES		82			
EQIDS		160			
COMMON	BLOCKS	LENGTH			
LABL		8			
STATISTICS					
PROGRAM LENGTH					
CM LABELED COMMON LENGTH					
52000B CM USED					
				557B	367
				25762B	11250

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1      SUBROUTINE DUMP2(M,ASUB)
C THIS ROUTINE DUMPS OUT ALL THE MTTR AND MMH TOTALS ACROSS ALL
C SUBSYSTEMS. WHEN INCREASING THE NUMBER OF SUBSYSTEMS,
C CHANGE THE 40'S IN THE RIGHT SUBSCRIPTS BELOW TO THE NEW NUMBER.
C ALSO CHANGE THE DIMENSION OF "DUM" TO THE NEW NUMBER OF LRUS.
C
      DIMENSION NUML(40),KLRU(40),TSFL(7,40),PSM(7,40),
*      NSAFSC(7,40),JNAC(40),FHBMA(40),NSFSE(7,40),HFAC(40)
C
      10     DIMENSION LABEL(8)
      C      COMMON/LABL/LABEL
C
      15     DIMENSION ASUB(21,40)
      DIMENSION SWUC(40),SFSE(2,7,40),SFAFSC(5,7,40)
      DIMENSION SNAME(5,40)
      DIMENSION SEQID(40)
      C      COMMON/SUBS/SNAME,TSFL,PSM,SWUC,SFSE,
      SFAFSC,NSAFSC,NSFSE,FHBMA,JNAC,HFAC
C
      20     C      COMMON/SIZES/NSUB,NLRU,KLRU,NUML
      COMMON/EQIDS/SEQID,DUM
      DIMENSION DUM(120)
      DIMENSION TOT(21),TITLE(2),FORMAT(4),FIELD(6)
      DATA TITLE/4HMTR,3HMMH/
      DATA TOTAL/5HTOTAL/
      DATA FIELD/4HF8.5,4HF8.4,4HF8.3,4HF8.2,4HF8.1,4HF8.0/
      DATA FORMAT/6H(1XA7,3H1X9,4HF8.4,1H)/
C
      25     C      WRITE(6,10) TITLE(M),LABEL
      10    FORMAT(1H1,A4,1X18HFOR ALL SUBSYSTEMS 5X8A10/
*      40HOSUBSYS AGE F/L TS F/L   R+R   VR+R ,
*      40H CND A/C M A/C VM A/C SHOP TOT/OUT/
C
      30     C      WRITE(6,10) TITLE(M),LABEL
      10    FORMAT(1H1,A4,1X18HFOR ALL SUBSYSTEMS 5X8A10/
*      40HOSUBSYS AGE F/L TS F/L   R+R   VR+R ,
*      40H CND A/C M A/C VM A/C SHOP TOT/OUT/

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35      * 1X39H----- ----- ----- ----- /}
      * 40H ----- ----- ----- ----- /}

      C   DO 20 J=1,21
      20   TOT(J)=0.0
      C   FIND FORMAT
      C   T15=0.0
      DO 25 J=1,NSUB
      25   T15=T15+ASUB(15,J)
      JF=ALOG10(T15)+1
      IF (JF.LT.1) JF=1
      IF (JF.GT.6) JF=6
      FORMAT(3)=FIELD(JF)

      C   DO 40 JSUB=1,NSUB
      WRITE(6,FORMAT) SEQID(JSUB),ASUB(13,JSUB),ASUB(14,JSUB),
      * ASUB(3,JSUB),ASUB(4,JSUB),ASUB(10,JSUB),
      * ASUB(11,JSUB),ASUB(12,JSUB),ASUB(5,JSUB),
      * ASUB(15,JSUB)

      C   DO 35 J=1,21
      35   TOT(J)=TOT(J)+ASUB(J,JSUB)
      40   CONTINUE
      40   WRITE(6,49)
      49   FORMAT(8X9(1X7(1H-)))
      WRITE(6,FORMAT) TOTAL,TOT(13),TOT(14),TOT(3),TOT(4),TOT(10),
      * TOT(11),TOT(12),TOT(5),TOT(15)
      RETURN
END

65

```

SYMBOLIC REFERENCE MAP (R=1)

35	25	J	43 44	3B	INSTACK
53	40	* JSUB	51 59	37B	EXT REFS
104	35	J	57 58	3B	NOT INNER
COMMON BLOCKS LENGTH					
	LABL	8			
	SUBS	3440			
	SIZES	82			
	EQIDS	160			
0	STATISTICS				
	PROGRAM LENGTH		194		
	CM LABELED COMMON LENGTH				
	52000B CM USED			302B	
				7152B	3690